



# **Annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31<sup>st</sup>, 2014**

**In accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards («IFRS»)**

*These financial statements have been translated from the original statutory financial statements that have been prepared in the Greek language. In the event that differences exist between this translation and the original Greek language financial statements, the Greek language financial statements will prevail over this document.*

**Quest Holdings S.A.  
S.A. Reg.No. 121763701000  
2a Argyroupoleos Street  
GR-176 76 Kallithea  
Athens - Hellas**

It is confirmed that the present Annual Financial Statements are compiled according to L.3873/2010 and L.3556/2007 and the decision 7/448/29.10.2007 of the Hellenic Capital Market Commission and are the ones approved by the Board of Directors of "Quest Holdings S.A." on the 26th of March 2015. The Annual Financial Statements are available on the company's website [www.quest.com](http://www.quest.com), where they will remain at the disposal of the investing public for at least 5 years from the date of their publication.

It is asserted that for the preparation of the Financial Statements the following are responsible:

**The Chairman**

**The C.E.O.**

**The Member of B.o.D.**

Theodore Fessas

Pantelis Tzortzakis

Markos Bitsakos

**The Group Financial Controller**

**The Chief Accountant**

Dimitris Papadiamantopoulos

Konstantinia Anagnostopoulou

**BOARD OF DIRECTORS STATEMENT**  
**Regarding the Annual Financial Statements for the year 2014**  
**According to the Law 3556/2007**

We state and we assert that from what we know of:

1. The Annual Financial Statements of the Company and the Group of “Quest Holdings S.A.” for the period 01.01.2014 - 31.12.2014, which were compiled according to the standing accounting standards, describe in a truthful way the assets and the liabilities, the equity and the results of the Group and the Company, as well as the subsidiary companies which are included in the consolidation as a total, according to what is stated in Law 3556/2007.
2. The report of the Board of Directors for the year presents in a truthful way the information that is required based on Law 3556/2007.

Kallithea 26 March 2015

**The Chairman**

**The C.E.O.**

**The Member of B.o.D.**

Theodore Fessas

Pantelis Tzortzakis

Markos Bitsakos

[Translation from the original text in Greek]

## **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Shareholders of **Quest Holdings SA**

### **Report on the Separate and Consolidated Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying separate and consolidated financial statements of **Quest Holdings SA** which comprise the separate and consolidated statement of financial position as of 31 December 2014 and the separate and consolidated income statement and statement of comprehensive income), statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

### **Management's Responsibility for the Separate and Consolidated Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these separate and consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, as adopted by the European Union, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of separate and consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these separate and consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the separate and consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the separate and consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the separate and consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the separate and consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the separate and consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the separate and consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of **Quest Holdings SA** and its subsidiaries as at December 31, 2014, and their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, as adopted by the European Union.

### **Reference on Other Legal and Regulatory Matters**

- a) Included in the Board of Directors' Report is the corporate governance statement that contains the information that is required by paragraph 3d of article 43a of Codified Law 2190/1920.
- b) We verified the conformity and consistency of the information given in the Board of Directors' report with the accompanying separate and consolidated financial statements in accordance with the requirements of articles 43a, 108 and 37 of Codified Law 2190/1920.

Pricewaterhouse Coopers S.A  
268 Kifissias Avenue  
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SOEL Reg. No. 113

Athens 27 March 2015

Despina Marinou

SOEL Reg. No. 17681



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**Balance sheet**

	Note	GROUP		COMPANY	
		31/12/2014	31/12/2013	31/12/2014	31/12/2013
<b>ASSETS</b>					
<b>Non-current assets</b>					
Property, plant and equipment	7	85.926	86.119	39.064	39.147
Goodwill	8	8.717	8.717	-	-
Other intangible assets	9	12.779	17.163	14	18
Investment Properties	10	4.865	5.890	-	-
Investments in subsidiaries	11	-	-	74.900	83.114
Investments in associates	12	1.740	1.084	854	158
Available for sale financial assets	15	5.787	6.024	5.529	5.546
Deferred income tax asset	18	7.820	5.290	-	-
Non-current income tax asset	42	12.706	12.706	12.706	12.706
Receivables from financial leases	43	229	893	-	-
Trade and other receivables	20	912	576	49	49
		<b>141.480</b>	<b>144.462</b>	<b>133.116</b>	<b>140.736</b>
<b>Current assets</b>					
Inventories	19	13.166	10.755	-	-
Trade and other receivables	20	85.593	96.776	478	5.045
Receivables from financial leases	43	664	774	-	-
Available for sale financial assets	15	20.019	-	6.500	-
Derivative financial instruments	16	98	-	28	-
Financial assets at fair value through P&L	17	14	14	14	14
Current income tax asset		2.902	1.575	2	5
Cash and cash equivalents	21	27.549	41.258	881	1.573
Restricted cash	21a	-	4.700	-	-
		<b>150.006</b>	<b>155.851</b>	<b>7.903</b>	<b>6.636</b>
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>291.486</b>	<b>300.313</b>	<b>141.019</b>	<b>147.373</b>
<b>EQUITY</b>					
<b>Capital attributable to the owners of the parent</b>					
Share capital	22	5.981	5.981	5.981	5.981
Share premium	22	39.413	39.413	39.413	39.413
Other reserves	23	6.720	5.922	11.019	9.848
Retained earnings		105.410	103.215	82.042	79.824
Own shares		(219)	(163)	(219)	(163)
		<b>157.302</b>	<b>154.367</b>	<b>138.236</b>	<b>134.902</b>
Minority interests		10.267	8.010	-	-
<b>Total equity</b>		<b>167.569</b>	<b>162.374</b>	<b>138.236</b>	<b>134.902</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>					
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>					
Borrowings	24	22.481	14.754	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities	18	9.040	8.995	1.330	1.213
Retirement benefit obligations	25	6.574	5.115	107	76
Government Grants	26	63	66	63	66
Derivative financial instruments	16	1.676	996	-	-
Trade and other payables	27	89	410	385	383
		<b>39.924</b>	<b>30.337</b>	<b>1.885</b>	<b>1.739</b>
<b>Current liabilities</b>					
Trade and other payables	27	68.939	74.378	898	732
Current income tax liability		5.769	3.370	-	-
Borrowings	24	9.283	29.794	-	10.000
Provisions for other current payables		3	3	-	-
Derivative financial instruments	16	-	59	-	-
		<b>83.994</b>	<b>107.605</b>	<b>898</b>	<b>10.732</b>
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<b>123.917</b>	<b>137.941</b>	<b>2.783</b>	<b>12.471</b>
<b>Total equity and liabilities</b>		<b>291.486</b>	<b>300.313</b>	<b>141.019</b>	<b>147.373</b>

Notes on pages 12 to 66 constitute an integral part of this financial information.



**Income statement**

	Note	GROUP		COMPANY	
		01/01- 31/12/2014	01/01- 31/12/2013	01/01- 31/12/2014	01/01- 31/12/2013
<b>Sales</b>	6	<b>314.949</b>	<b>294.652</b>	-	-
Cost of sales	28	(260.878)	(243.494)	-	-
<b>Gross profit</b>		<b>54.071</b>	<b>51.159</b>	-	-
Selling expenses	28	(18.552)	(21.501)	-	-
Administrative expenses	28	(22.799)	(22.851)	(3.097)	(3.286)
Other operating income / (expenses) net	32	1.648	705	6.689	3.347
Other profit / (loss) net	33	(7.838)	(4.035)	(1.106)	(732)
<b>Operating profit</b>		<b>6.527</b>	<b>3.477</b>	<b>2.485</b>	<b>(671)</b>
Finance income	30	1.006	1.148	71	33
Finance costs	30	(3.871)	(2.934)	(110)	(88)
<b>Finance costs - net</b>		<b>(2.865)</b>	<b>(1.787)</b>	<b>(38)</b>	<b>(55)</b>
Share of profit/ (loss) of associates	12	(74)	(88)		
<b>Profit/ (Loss) before income tax</b>		<b>3.588</b>	<b>1.602</b>	<b>2.447</b>	<b>(727)</b>
Income tax expense	31	(1.563)	(4.392)	(180)	(526)
<b>Profit/ (Loss) after tax for the year</b>		<b>2.025</b>	<b>(2.789)</b>	<b>2.267</b>	<b>(1.253)</b>
<b>Attributable to :</b>					
Equity holders of the Company		3.025	(2.149)		
Minority interest		(1.000)	(641)		
		<b>2.025</b>	<b>(2.789)</b>		
<b>Earnings/(Losses) per share attributable to equity holders of the Company</b>					
(in € per share)					
Basic and diluted	39	<u>0,2534</u>	0,1800		

Notes on pages 12 to 66 constitute an integral part of this financial information.

## Statement of comprehensive income

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	01/01- 31/12/2014	01/01- 31/12/2013	01/01- 31/12/2014	01/01- 31/12/2013
<b>Profit / (Loss) for the year</b>	<b>2.025</b>	<b>(2.789)</b>	<b>2.267</b>	<b>(1.253)</b>
<b>Other comprehensive income / (loss)</b>				
Gain / (loss) on valuation of derivatives financial assets	(679)	661	-	-
Provisions for investments valuation	-	515	-	515
Reverse of available for sale financial assets valuation reserve	1.171	-	1.171	-
Actuarial gains/(losses) on defined benefit pension plans	(760)	(46)	(15)	1
<b>Total comprehensive income / (loss) for the year</b>	<b>1.757</b>	<b>(1.659)</b>	<b>3.423</b>	<b>(738)</b>
Attributable to:				
-Owners of the parent	2.063	(1.316)		
-Minority interest	(306)	(343)		

Notes on pages 12 to 66 constitute an integral part of this financial information.

## Statement of changes in equity

	Attributable to equity holders of the Company					Minority Interests	Total Equity
	Share capital	Other reserves	Retained earnings	Own shares	Total		
<b>GROUP</b>							
<b>Balance at 1 January 2013</b>	<b>58.820</b>	<b>5.043</b>	<b>105.395</b>	<b>(97)</b>	<b>169.161</b>	<b>8.240</b>	<b>177.398</b>
Profit/ (Loss) for the year	-	-	(2.149)	-	(2.149)	(641)	(2.790)
Other comprehensive income / (loss) for the year, net of tax	-	879	(46)	-	833	298	1.131
Consolidation of new subsidiaries and increase in stake in existing ones	-	-	(18)	-	(18)	113	95
Share Capital decrease of Parent Company	(13.159)	-	-	-	(13.159)	-	(13.159)
Cancellation of owned shares	(267)	-	33	234	-	-	-
Purchase of own shares	-	-	-	(301)	(301)	-	(301)
<b>Balance at 31 December 2013</b>	<b>45.394</b>	<b>5.922</b>	<b>103.215</b>	<b>(163)</b>	<b>154.367</b>	<b>8.010</b>	<b>162.374</b>
<b>Balance at 1 January 2014</b>	<b>45.394</b>	<b>5.922</b>	<b>103.215</b>	<b>(163)</b>	<b>154.367</b>	<b>8.010</b>	<b>162.374</b>
Profit/ (Loss) for the year	-	-	3.025	-	3.025	(999)	2.025
Other comprehensive income / (loss) for the year, net of tax	-	798	(760)	-	38	(306)	(268)
Consolidation of new subsidiaries and increase in stake in existing ones	-	-	(38)	-	(38)	-	(38)
Reclassifications	-	-	(32)	32	-	-	-
Share Capital increase in minority interests	-	-	-	-	-	3.562	3.562
Purchase of own shares	-	-	-	(89)	(89)	-	(89)
<b>Balance at 31 December 2014</b>	<b>45.394</b>	<b>6.720</b>	<b>105.410</b>	<b>(219)</b>	<b>157.302</b>	<b>10.267</b>	<b>167.569</b>

	Attributable to equity holders of the Company				Total Equity
	Share capital	Other reserves	Retained earnings	Own shares	
<b>COMPANY</b>					
<b>Balance at 1 January 2013</b>	<b>58.820</b>	<b>9.428</b>	<b>80.947</b>	<b>(97)</b>	<b>149.099</b>
Profit/ (Loss) for the period	-	-	(1.253)	-	(1.253)
Other comprehensive income / (loss) for the year, net of tax	-	515	-	-	515
Reclassifications	-	(95)	95	-	-
Share Capital Decrease	(13.159)	-	-	-	(13.159)
Cancellation of owned shares	(267)	-	33	234	-
Purchase of own shares	-	-	-	(301)	(301)
<b>Balance at 31 December 2013</b>	<b>45.394</b>	<b>9.848</b>	<b>79.823</b>	<b>(163)</b>	<b>134.902</b>
<b>Balance at 1 January 2014</b>	<b>45.394</b>	<b>9.848</b>	<b>79.823</b>	<b>(163)</b>	<b>134.902</b>
Profit/ (Loss) for the year	-	-	2.267	-	2.267
Other comprehensive income / (loss) for the year, net of tax	-	1.171	(15)	-	1.156
Reclassifications	-	-	(32)	32	-
Purchase of own shares	-	-	-	(89)	(89)
<b>Balance at 31 December 2014</b>	<b>45.394</b>	<b>11.019</b>	<b>82.042</b>	<b>(219)</b>	<b>138.236</b>

Notes on pages 12 to 66 constitute an integral part of this financial information.

## Cash flow statement

Note	GROUP		COMPANY	
	01/01- 31/12/2014	01/01- 31/12/2013	01/01- 31/12/2014	01/01- 31/12/2013
Profit/ (Loss) before tax for the year	3.588	1.602	2.447	(727)
Adjustments for:	-	-	-	-
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	7	3.751	3.106	529
Amortization of investment properties	10	10	-	-
Amortization of intangible assets	9	1.665	9	8
Impairments of investment properties	10	1.016	-	-
Impairments of intangible assets	9	5.563	-	-
Actuarial gain / (loss)	10	(760)	46	1
(Gain) / Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment and other investments		5	666	1.133
Loss/ (Gain) on financial assets at fair value		1.418	571	57
Interest income	30	(1.006)	(1.148)	(71)
Interest expense	30	3.871	2.934	110
Dividends proceeds		(433)	-	(3.405)
Losses / (Profit) from the change in subsidiaries' consolidation method		74	88	-
Amortisation of government grants	26	(3)	(3)	(3)
		<b>18.761</b>	<b>12.531</b>	<b>792</b>
				<b>724</b>
<b>Changes in working capital</b>				
(Increase) / decrease in inventories	19	(2.411)	2.880	-
(Increase) / decrease in receivables	20	11.621	5.671	4.566
Increase/ (decrease) in liabilities	27	(5.760)	(3.937)	168
(Increase)/ decrease in derivative financial instruments		(157)	14	(28)
Increase / (decrease) in retirement benefit obligations		1.459	139	30
		<b>4.752</b>	<b>4.767</b>	<b>4.736</b>
				<b>(6.286)</b>
<b>Net cash generated from operating activities</b>		<b>23.512</b>	<b>17.298</b>	<b>5.527</b>
				<b>(5.563)</b>
Interest paid		(3.871)	(2.934)	(110)
Income tax paid		(2.976)	(1.786)	(60)
<b>Net cash generated from operating activities</b>		<b>16.665</b>	<b>12.577</b>	<b>5.357</b>
				<b>(5.637)</b>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>				
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	7	(3.577)	(16.032)	(446)
Purchase of intangible assets	9	(2.845)	(1.079)	(5)
Purchase of financial assets	17	(20.019)	(1.000)	(6.500)
Purchase / Share capital increase of subsidiaries		(760)	(193)	(7.846)
Proceeds from sale / Share capital decrease of subsidiaries		-	794	-
Share capital increase of subsidiaries in minority interests		3.562	-	-
Interest received		1.006	1.148	71
Dividends received		433	-	3.405
(Increase) / decrease in restricted cash	22a	4.700	50	-
Proceeds from capital decrease of subsidiaries	-	-	752	15.360
<b>Net cash used in investing activities</b>		<b>(17.500)</b>	<b>(15.560)</b>	<b>4.040</b>
				<b>10.317</b>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>				
Proceeds from borrowings	24	1.884	21.286	-
Repayment of borrowings	24	(14.669)	(7.429)	(10.000)
Proceeds from sale/ (purchase) of own shares		(89)	(300)	(89)
Capital decrease of Mother Company / Cash return to the shareholders		-	(13.159)	-
<b>Net cash used in financing activities</b>		<b>(12.874)</b>	<b>398</b>	<b>(10.089)</b>
				<b>(3.460)</b>
<b>Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>		<b>(13.709)</b>	<b>(2.585)</b>	<b>(692)</b>
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	21	41.258	43.842	1.573
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year</b>	21	<b>27.549</b>	<b>41.258</b>	<b>881</b>
				<b>1.573</b>

Notes on pages 12 to 66 constitute an integral part of this financial information.

## Notes upon financial information

### 1. General information

Financial statements include the financial statements of Quest Holdings S.A. (the "Company") and the consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the year ended December 31<sup>st</sup>, 2014, according to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). The names of the Group's subsidiaries are presented in Note 40 of this information.

The main activities of the Group are the distribution of information technology and telecommunications products, the design, application and support of integrated systems and technology solutions, and the supply of various telecommunication services, express mail services and production of electric power from renewable sources.

The Group operates in Greece, Romania, Cyprus, Bulgaria, Belgium and Turkey and the Company's shares are traded in Athens Stock Exchange.

These group consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of Quest Holdings S.A. on March 26<sup>th</sup>, 2015.

Shareholders composition is as follows:

- |                                 |        |
|---------------------------------|--------|
| • Theodore Fessas               | 51,07% |
| • Eftichia Koutsourelis – Fessa | 25,15% |
| • Investors                     | 23,78% |

<b><u>Total</u></b>	<b><u>100%</u></b>
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The address of the Company is Argyroupoleos 2a str., Kallithea Attikis, Greece. Its website address is [www.quest.gr](http://www.quest.gr).

The **Board of Director** of the Company is as follows:

1. Fessas Theodore – Chairman, executive member
2. Tamvakakis Faidon - Vice Chairman, independent non - executive member
3. Tzortzakis Pantelis - Managing Director - executive member
4. Koutsourelis Eftichia - Executive member
5. Bitsakos Markos - Executive member
6. Papparis Michael - Independent non - executive member
7. Tamvakakis Apostolos - Independent non - executive member
8. Labroukos Nicolaos - Socrates - Independent non - executive member
9. Papadopoulos Apostolos - Independent non - executive member

The **Audit company** is:

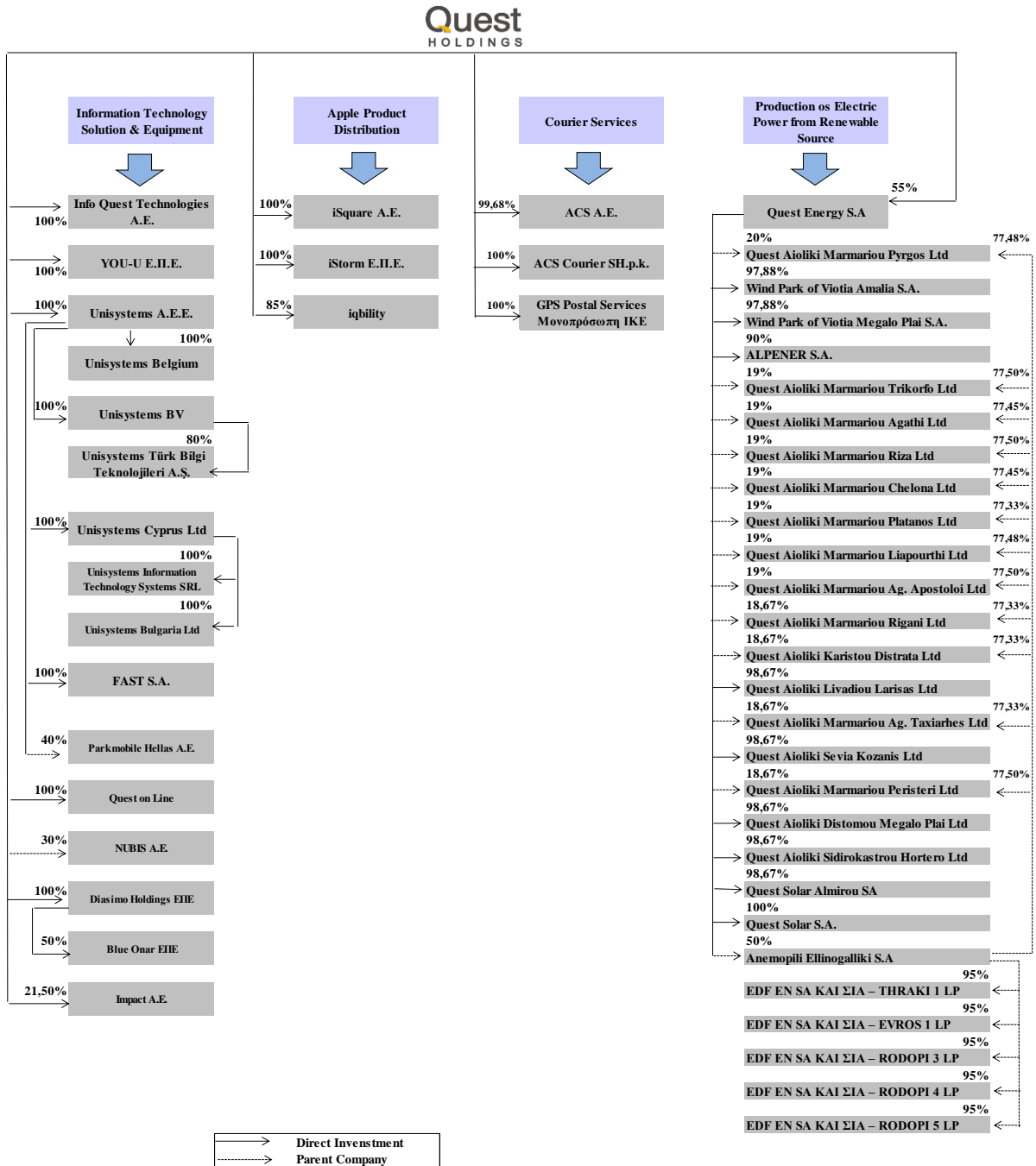
PricewaterhouseCoopers SA

260 Kifisias ave & Kodrou, 152 32 Halandri

Registration No: 113

**2. Structure of the Group**

The structure of the Quest Holdings group is presented as follows:



### **3. Summary of significant accounting policies**

#### **3.1 Preparation framework of the financial information**

These financial statements have been prepared by the Management in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), including International Reporting Standards ("IAS"), and the interpretations issued by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee, that have been approved by the European Union, and IFRS that have been issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of available-for-sale financial assets, and financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the Management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. Moreover, it requires the use of estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of preparation of the financial information and the reported income and expense amounts during the reporting period. Although these estimates and judgments are based on the best possible knowledge of the Management with respect to the current conditions and activities, the actual results can eventually differ from these estimates. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in note 5.

Differences between amounts presented in the financial statements and corresponding amounts in the notes results from rounding differences.

#### **3.2 New standards, amendments to standards and interpretations:**

Certain new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations have been issued that are mandatory for periods beginning during the current financial year and subsequent years. The Group's evaluation of the effect of these new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations is as follows:

##### **Standards and Interpretations effective for the current financial year**

***New standards, amendments to standards and interpretations:*** Certain new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations have been issued that are mandatory for periods beginning during the current financial year and subsequent years. The Group's evaluation of the effect of these new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations is as follows:

##### **Standards and Interpretations effective for the current financial year**

###### **IAS 32 (Amendment) "Financial Instruments: Presentation"**

This amendment to the application guidance in IAS 32 clarifies some of the requirements for offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities on the statement of financial position.

###### **Group of standards on consolidation and joint arrangements**

The International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") has published five new standards on consolidation and joint arrangements: IFRS 10, IFRS 11, IFRS 12, IAS 27 (amendment) and IAS 28 (amendment). The main provisions are as follows.

###### **IFRS 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements"**

IFRS 10 replaces all of the guidance on control and consolidation in IAS 27 and SIC 12. The new standard changes the definition of control for the purpose of determining which entities should be consolidated. This definition is supported by extensive application guidance that addresses the different ways in which a reporting entity (investor) might control another entity (investee). The revised definition of control focuses on the need to have both power (the current ability to direct the activities that significantly influence returns) and variable returns (can be positive, negative or both) before control is present. The new standard also includes guidance on participating and protective rights, as well as on agency/ principal relationships.

**IFRS 11 “Joint Arrangements”**

IFRS 11 provides for a more realistic reflection of joint arrangements by focusing on the rights and obligations of the arrangement, rather than its legal form. The types of joint arrangements are reduced to two: joint operations and joint ventures. Proportional consolidation of joint ventures is no longer allowed. Equity accounting is mandatory for participants in joint ventures. Entities that participate in joint operations will follow accounting much like that for joint assets or joint operations today. The standard also provides guidance for parties that participate in joint arrangements but do not have joint control.

**IFRS 12 “Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities”**

IFRS 12 requires entities to disclose information, including significant judgments and assumptions, which enable users of financial statements to evaluate the nature, risks and financial effects associated with the entity's interests in subsidiaries, associates, joint arrangements and unconsolidated structured entities. An entity can provide any or all of the above disclosures without having to apply IFRS 12 in its entirety, or IFRS 10 or 11, or the amended IAS 27 or 28.

**IAS 27 (Amendment) “Separate Financial Statements”**

This Standard is issued concurrently with IFRS 10 and together, the two IFRSs supersede IAS 27 “*Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements*”. The amended IAS 27 prescribes the accounting and disclosure requirements for investment in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates when an entity prepares separate financial statements. At the same time, the Board relocated to IAS 27 requirements from IAS 28 “*Investments in Associates*” and IAS 31 “*Interests in Joint Ventures*” regarding separate financial statements.

**IAS 28 (Amendment) “Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures”**

IAS 28 “*Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures*” replaces IAS 28 “*Investments in Associates*”. The objective of this Standard is to prescribe the accounting for investments in associates and to set out the requirements for the application of the equity method when accounting for investments in associates and joint ventures, following the issue of IFRS 11.

**IFRS 10, IFRS 11 and IFRS 12 (Amendment) “Consolidated financial statements, joint arrangements and disclosure of interests in other entities: Transition guidance”**

The amendment to the transition requirements in IFRSs 10, 11 and 12 clarifies the transition guidance in IFRS 10 and limits the requirements to provide comparative information for IFRS 12 disclosures only to the period that immediately precedes the first annual period of IFRS 12 application. Comparative disclosures are not required for interests in unconsolidated structured entities.

**IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 27 (Amendment) “Investment entities”**

The amendment to IFRS 10 defines an investment entity and introduces an exception from consolidation. Many funds and similar entities that qualify as investment entities will be exempt from consolidating most of their subsidiaries, which will be accounted for at fair value through profit or loss, although controlled. The amendments to IFRS 12 introduce disclosures that an investment entity needs to make.

**IAS 36 (Amendment) “Recoverable amount disclosures for non-financial assets”**

This amendment requires: a) disclosure of the recoverable amount of an asset or cash generating unit (CGU) when an impairment loss has been recognised or reversed and b) detailed disclosure of how the fair value less costs of disposal has been measured when an impairment loss has been recognised or reversed. Also, it removes the requirement to disclose recoverable amount when a CGU contains goodwill or indefinite lived intangible assets but there has been no impairment.

**IAS 39 (Amendment) “Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement”**

This amendment will allow hedge accounting to continue in a situation where a derivative, which has been designated as a hedging instrument, is novated to effect clearing with a central counterparty as a result of laws or regulations, if specific conditions are met.



**Standards and Interpretations effective for subsequent periods**

**IFRS 9 “Financial Instruments” and subsequent amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7** (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018)

IFRS 9 replaces the guidance in IAS 39 which deals with the classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities and it also includes an expected credit losses model that replaces the incurred loss impairment model used today. IFRS 9 Hedge Accounting establishes a more principles-based approach to hedge accounting and addresses inconsistencies and weaknesses in the current model in IAS 39. The Group is currently investigating the impact of IFRS 9 on its financial statements. The Group cannot currently early adopt IFRS 9 as it has not yet been endorsed by the EU.

**IFRS 15 “Revenue from Contracts with Customers”** (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017)

IFRS 15 has been issued in May 2014. The objective of the standard is to provide a single, comprehensive revenue recognition model for all contracts with customers to improve comparability within industries, across industries, and across capital markets. It contains principles that an entity will apply to determine the measurement of revenue and timing of when it is recognised. The underlying principle is that an entity will recognise revenue to depict the transfer of goods or services to customers at an amount that the entity expects to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services. The Group is currently investigating the impact of IFRS 15 on its financial statements. The standard has not yet been endorsed by the EU.

**IFRIC 21 “Levies”** (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 17 June 2014)

This interpretation sets out the accounting for an obligation to pay a levy imposed by government that is not income tax. The interpretation clarifies that the obligating event that gives rise to a liability to pay a levy (one of the criteria for the recognition of a liability according to IAS 37) is the activity described in the relevant legislation that triggers the payment of the levy. The interpretation could result in recognition of a liability later than today, particularly in connection with levies that are triggered by circumstances on a specific date.

**IAS 19R (Amendment) “Employee Benefits”** (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014)

These narrow scope amendments apply to contributions from employees or third parties to defined benefit plans and simplify the accounting for contributions that are independent of the number of years of employee service, for example, employee contributions that are calculated according to a fixed percentage of salary.

**IFRS 11 (Amendment) “Joint Arrangements”** (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016)

This amendment requires an investor to apply the principles of business combination accounting when it acquires an interest in a joint operation that constitutes a ‘business’. This amendment has not yet been endorsed by the EU.

**IAS 16 and IAS 38 (Amendments) “Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation** (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016)

This amendment clarifies that the use of revenue-based methods to calculate the depreciation of an asset is not appropriate and it also clarifies that revenue is generally presumed to be an inappropriate basis for measuring the consumption of the economic benefits embodied in an intangible asset. These amendments have not yet been endorsed by the EU.

**IAS 16 and IAS 41 (Amendments) “Agriculture: Bearer plants”** (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016)

These amendments change the financial reporting for bearer plants, such as grape vines and fruit trees. The bearer plants should be accounted for in the same way as self-constructed items of property, plant and equipment. Consequently, the amendments include them within the scope of IAS 16, instead of IAS 41. The produce growing on bearer plants will remain within the scope of IAS 41. The amendments have not yet been endorsed by the EU.

**IAS 27 (Amendment) “Separate financial statements”** (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016)

This amendment allows entities to use the equity method to account for investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates in their separate financial statements and clarifies the definition of separate financial statements. This amendment has not yet been endorsed by the EU.

**IFRS 10 and IAS 28 (Amendments) “Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture”** (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016)

These amendments address an inconsistency between the requirements in IFRS 10 and those in IAS 28 in dealing with the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. The main consequence of the amendments is that a full gain or loss is recognised when a transaction involves a business (whether it is housed in a subsidiary or not). A partial gain or loss is recognised when a transaction involves assets that do not constitute a business, even if these assets are housed in a subsidiary. The amendments have not yet been endorsed by the EU.

**IAS 1 (Amendments) “Disclosure initiative”** (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016)

These amendments clarify guidance in IAS 1 on materiality and aggregation, the presentation of subtotals, the structure of financial statements and the disclosure of accounting policies. The amendments have not yet been endorsed by the EU.

**IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 28 (Amendments) “Investment entities: Applying the consolidation exception”** (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016)

These amendments clarify the application of the consolidation exception for investment entities and their subsidiaries. The amendments have not yet been endorsed by the EU.

**Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2012** (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 February 2015)

The amendments set out below describe the key changes to seven IFRSs following the publication of the results of the IASB's 2010-12 cycle of the annual improvements project.

IFRS 2 “Share-based payment”

The amendment clarifies the definition of a ‘vesting condition’ and separately defines ‘performance condition’ and ‘service condition’.

IFRS 3 “Business combinations”

The amendment clarifies that an obligation to pay contingent consideration which meets the definition of a financial instrument is classified as a financial liability or as equity, on the basis of the definitions in IAS 32 “Financial instruments: Presentation”. It also clarifies that all non-equity contingent consideration, both financial and non-financial, is measured at fair value through profit or loss.

IFRS 8 “Operating segments”

The amendment requires disclosure of the judgements made by management in aggregating operating segments.

IFRS 13 “Fair value measurement”

The amendment clarifies that the standard does not remove the ability to measure short-term receivables and payables at invoice amounts in cases where the impact of not discounting is immaterial.

IAS 16 “Property, plant and equipment” and IAS 38 “Intangible assets”

Both standards are amended to clarify how the gross carrying amount and the accumulated depreciation are treated where an entity uses the revaluation model.

IAS 24 “Related party disclosures”

The standard is amended to include, as a related party, an entity that provides key management personnel services to the reporting entity or to the parent of the reporting entity.

**Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2013** (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015)

The amendments set out below describe the key changes to three IFRSs following the publication of the results of the IASB's 2011-13 cycle of the annual improvements project.

IFRS 3 “Business combinations”

This amendment clarifies that IFRS 3 does not apply to the accounting for the formation of any joint arrangement under IFRS 11 in the financial statements of the joint arrangement itself.

IFRS 13 “Fair value measurement”

The amendment clarifies that the portfolio exception in IFRS 13 applies to all contracts (including non-financial contracts) within the scope of IAS 39/IFRS 9.

IAS 40 “Investment property”

The standard is amended to clarify that IAS 40 and IFRS 3 are not mutually exclusive.

**Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2014 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016)**

The amendments set out below describe the key changes to four IFRSs. The improvements have not yet been endorsed by the EU.

IFRS 5 “Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations”

The amendment clarifies that, when an asset (or disposal group) is reclassified from ‘held for sale’ to ‘held for distribution’, or vice versa, this does not constitute a change to a plan of sale or distribution, and does not have to be accounted for as such.

IFRS 7 “Financial instruments: Disclosures”

The amendment adds specific guidance to help management determine whether the terms of an arrangement to service a financial asset which has been transferred constitute continuing involvement and clarifies that the additional disclosure required by the amendments to IFRS 7, ‘Disclosure – Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities’ is not specifically required for all interim periods, unless required by IAS 34.

IAS 19 “Employee benefits”

The amendment clarifies that, when determining the discount rate for post-employment benefit obligations, it is the currency that the liabilities are denominated in that is important, and not the country where they arise.

IAS 34 “Interim financial reporting”

The amendment clarifies what is meant by the reference in the standard to ‘information disclosed elsewhere in the interim financial report’.

### **3.3 Consolidated financial statements**

#### **(a) Subsidiaries**

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group.

The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition by the Group. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any minority interest. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Group’s share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is less than the fair value of the group’s share of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly in the income statement

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Subsidiaries' accounting policies have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

The Company accounts for its investment in subsidiaries, in its stand alone accounts, on the cost less impairment basis.

**(b) Associates**

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for by the equity method of accounting and are initially recognised at cost. The Group's investment in associates includes goodwill (net of any accumulated impairment loss) identified on acquisition.

The Group's share of its associates' post acquisition profits or losses is recognized in the income statement, & its share of post acquisition movements in reserves is recognized in reserves. The cumulative post acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group doesn't recognize further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

Unrealized gains on transactions between the Group & its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Accounting policies of associates have been changed when necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Although the Group has certain investments in which its share is between 20% and 50%, it does not exercise significant influence, since the other shareholders either individually or collectively have the control. For this reason, the Group classifies the above investments as available for sale financial assets.

**(c) Goodwill**

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the net identifiable assets of the acquired subsidiary/ associate at the date of acquisition. Goodwill on acquisition of subsidiaries is included in intangible assets. Goodwill on acquisition of associates is included in investment of associates. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment and carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Impairment losses on goodwill are not reversed. Gains and losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the entity sold.

Goodwill is allocated to cash – generating units for the purpose of impairment testing. The allocation is made to those cash – generating units (CGU) or groups of CGU that are expected to benefit from the business combination in which the goodwill arose identified according to operating segment.

**3.4 Segmental reporting**

A business segment is a group of assets and operations engaged in providing products or services that are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other business segments.

A geographical segment is engaged in providing products or services within a particular economic environment that is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of segments operating in other economic environments.

The nature and the source of the Group's income are used as the basis of determining its primary and secondary segments. The Group has concluded that its primary segment should be based on the nature of its products and services and its secondary segment should be based on the geographic location of its operations.

### **3.5 Foreign currency translation**

#### **(a) Functional and presentation currency**

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the 'functional currency').

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Euros, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

#### **(b) Transactions and balances**

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at the year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the income statement. Translation differences on non – monetary financial assets & liabilities are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss.

#### **(c) Group companies**

The results and financial position of all group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the present currency as follows:

- i. Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet
- ii. Income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions) and
- iii. All resulting exchange differences are recognised as a separate component of equity and transferred in Income Statement with the sale of those entities.

Exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign entities' are recognised in equity. When a foreign operation is sold, such exchange differences are recognised in the income statement as part of the gain or loss on sale.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

### **3.6 Property, plant and equipment**

All property, plant and equipment ("PPE") is shown at cost less subsequent depreciation and impairment. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group higher than the initially expected according to the initial return of the financial asset and under the assumption that the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Interest cost on borrowings specifically used to finance construction of property plant and equipment are capitalized during the construction period. All other interest expense is included in profit & loss statement.

Land is not depreciated. Depreciation on PPE is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate the cost of each asset to its residual value over its estimated useful life, in order to write down the cost in its residual value. The expected useful life of property, plant and equipment is as follows:

Buildings (and leasehold improvements): 50 years

Machinery: 1-5 years

Technical installations & other equipment: 5-20 years

Transportation equipment: 5-8 years

Telecommunication equipment: 9-13 years

Furniture and fittings: 7-10 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

When the carrying amount of the asset is higher than its recoverable amount, the resulting difference (impairment loss) is recognized immediately as an expense in the Income Statement.

In case of sale of property, plant and equipment, the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount is recognized as profit or loss in the income statement.

### **3.7 Intangible Assets**

#### **(a) Goodwill**

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the net identifiable assets of the acquired subsidiary/ associate at the date of acquisition. Goodwill on acquisition of subsidiaries is included in intangible assets. Goodwill on acquisition of associates is included in investment of associates. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment and carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Impairment losses on goodwill are not reversed. Gains and losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the entity sold.

Goodwill is allocated to cash – generating units for the purpose of impairment testing. The allocation is made to those cash – generating units (CGU) or groups of CGU that are expected to benefit from the business combination in which the goodwill arose identified according to operating segment.

#### **(b) Concessions and industrial rights**

Concessions and industrial rights are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment loss. Amortization is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate the cost of each asset to its estimated useful life.

#### **(c) Computer software**

The computer software licenses are carried at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate the cost of each asset to its estimated useful life, which is 4 years.

Expenditures for the maintenance of software are recognized as expenses in the income statement when they occur.

When the carrying amount of the intangible assets is higher than its recoverable amount, the resulting difference (impairment loss) is recognized immediately as an expense in the Income Statement.

### **3.8 Impairment of assets**

Assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment and whenever events or changes in circumstance indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. Assets that are subject to amortisation are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstance indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Impairment losses are recognised as an expense to the Income Statement, when they occur.

### **3.9 Financial assets**

The Group classifies its financial assets into the categories detailed below and depends on the purpose for which the assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition and re-evaluates this designation at every reporting date.

#### **(a) Loans and receivables**

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and with no intention of trading. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the balance sheet date. These are classified as non-current assets. The Group's loans and receivables comprise "trade and other receivables" in the balance sheet.

**(b) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss**

This category has three sub-categories: financial assets held for trading, those designated at fair value through profit or loss at inception and derivatives unless they are designated as hedges. Assets in this category are classified as current if they are either held for trading or are expected to be realised within 12 months of the balance sheet date.

**(c) Investments held-to-maturity**

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that the Group's management has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. The Group did not hold any investments in this category during the year.

**(d) Available for sale financial assets**

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. They are included in non-current assets unless management intends to dispose of the investment within 12 months of the balance sheet date.

Purchases and sales of investments are recognised on trade-date – the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Investments are initially recognized at fair value plus any transaction cost.

Available for sale financial assets and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are presented at fair value.

Realized and unrealized gains or losses from changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recorded in the income statement when they occur.

Unrealized gains or losses from changes in fair value of financial assets that classified as available for sale are recognized in revaluation reserve. In case of sale or impairment of available for sale financial assets, the accumulated fair value adjustments are transferred to profit or loss.

The fair values of quoted investments are based on current bid prices. If the market for a financial asset is not active (and for unlisted securities), the Group establishes fair value by using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length transactions, reference to other instruments that are substantially the same and discounted cash flow analysis refined to reflect the issuer's specific circumstances.

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. In the case of equity securities classified as available for sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is considered in determining whether the securities are impaired. If any such evidence exists for available-for-sale financial assets, the cumulative loss – measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognised in profit or loss – is removed from equity and recognised in the income statement. Impairment losses recognised in the income statement on equity instruments are not reversed through the income statement.

### **3.10 Derivative financial instruments and hedging accounting**

Derivative financial instruments include forward exchange contracts, currency and interest-rate swaps.

Derivatives are initially recognised on balance sheet at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value. Fair values are obtained from quoted market prices and discounted cash flow models.

All derivatives are carried as assets when fair value is positive and as liabilities when fair value is negative.

The gains and losses on derivative financial instruments held for trading are included in the income statement.

### **3.11 Inventories**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. It excludes borrowing costs. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less any applicable selling expenses.

### **3.12 Trade receivables**

Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for impairment of trade receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate. The amount of the provision is recognised in the income statement.

### **3.13 Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short term highly liquid investments of three months or less & bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the balance sheet.

### **3.14 Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations**

Non-current assets (or disposal groups) are classified as assets held for sale and stated at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell if their carrying amount is recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through a continuing use.

### **3.15 Share Capital**

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown after the reduction of the relative income tax in reduction to the product of issue. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares for the acquisition of other entities are included in the cost of acquisition of the new company.

Where any Group company purchases the Company's equity share capital (treasury shares), the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of income taxes), is deducted from equity attributable to the Company's equity holders until the shares are cancelled, reissued or disposed of. Where such shares are subsequently sold or reissued, any consideration received, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and the related income tax effects, is included in equity attributable to the Company's equity holders.

### **3.16 Borrowings**

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the balance sheet date.

### **3.17 Deferred income tax**

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. The deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction, other than a business combination, that at the time of the transaction affects either accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.



Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

### **3.18 Employee benefits**

#### **(a) Short-term benefits**

Short-term employee benefits in cash and in items are recognized as an expense when they become accrued.

#### **(b) Retirement benefits**

The Group participates in retirement schemes in accordance with the Greek practices and conditions by paying into applicable social security schemes. These schemes are both funded and unfunded.

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions into a separate social security fund. The Group has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

A defined benefit plan comprise retirement benefit plans according to which the Group pays to the employee an amount upon retirement that is based on the employee's period of service, age and salary.

The liability in respect of defined benefit plans, including certain unfunded termination indemnity benefit plans, is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date together with adjustments for actuarial gains/ losses and past service cost. The defined benefit obligation is calculated by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments, changes in actuarial assumptions and amendments to pension plans, which exceed 10% of the compounded obligation, are charged or credited to income over the average remaining service lives of the related employees.

Past service costs are recognised in the profit and loss account; with the exception of movements in the related obligation that are based on the average remaining service lives of the related employees. In this instance the past service cost are amortised to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the vesting period.

#### **(c) Termination benefits**

Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated before the normal retirement date, or whenever an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The Group recognises termination benefits when it is demonstrably committed to either terminating the employment of current employees according to a detailed formal plan without possibility of withdrawal or providing termination benefits as a result of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy. Benefits falling due more than 12 months after balance sheet date are discounted to present value.

In case of termination of employment where there is weakness to determine the number of employees that will use these benefits, they are not accounted for but disclosed as a contingent liability.

### **3.19 Grants**

Government grants are recognised at fair value when it is virtually certain that the grant will be received and the group will comply with anticipated conditions.

Government grants relating to expenses are deferred and recognized in the income statement over the period necessary to match them with the costs they are intended to compensate.

Government grants relating to the purchase of property, plant and equipment are included in non-current liabilities as deferred government grants and are credited to the income statement on a straight line basis over the expected lives of the related assets.

### **3.20 Provisions**

Provisions are recognized when:

- i. There is present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events
- ii. It is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation
- iii. The amount can be reliably estimated

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date (see Note 4). The discount rate used to determine the present value reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the increases specific to the liability.

### **3.21 Revenue recognition**

Revenue comprises the fair value of the sale of goods and services, net of value-added tax, rebates and discounts and after eliminating sales within the Group. Revenue is recognised as follows:

#### **(a) Sales of goods**

Sales of goods are recognized when a Group entity has delivered products to the customer; the customer has accepted the products; and collectability of the related receivables is reasonably assured. In cases of guarantees of money returns for sale of goods, returns are counted at each financial year-end as a reduction of income, according to prior period statistical information.

#### **(b) Sales of services**

Sales of services are recognized in the accounting period in which the services are rendered, by reference to completion of the specific transaction assessed on the basis of the actual service provided as a proportion of the total services to be provided.

#### **(c) Interest income**

Interest income is recognized on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method. When a receivable is impaired, the Group reduces the carrying amount to its recoverable amount, being the estimated future cash flow discounted at the original effective interest rate of the instrument, and continues unwinding the discount as interest income. Afterwards, interests are calculated by using the same rate on the impaired value (new carrying amount).

#### **(d) Dividends income**

Dividend income is recognised when the shareholder's right to receive payment is established.

### **3.22 Leases**

Leases of property, plant and equipment, where the Group has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership, are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised at the lease's inception at the lower of the fair value of the leased property and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included in liabilities. The interest element of the finance cost is charged to the income statement over the lease period. The property, plant and equipment acquired under finance leases is depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term.

Leases where the lessor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

### **3.23 Dividend distribution**

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Group's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders.

### **3.24 Investment property**

Property held for long-term rental yields which is not occupied by the companies in the consolidated Group is classified as investment property. Investment property is carried at fair value. Fair value is based on active market prices, adjusted, if necessary, for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset.

### **3.25 Comparative figures and rounding**

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation. Differences between amounts presented in the financial statements and corresponding amounts in the notes results from rounding differences.

#### 4. Financial risk management

##### 4.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange price, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (Group Treasury) under policies approved by the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas, such as foreign exchange risk, interest-rate risk and credit risk.

##### (a) Market risk

The Group operates in Europe and consequently the major part of the Group's transactions is denominated in Euros. Nevertheless, part of the Group's purchases of goods are denominated in US Dollar. The prompt payment of these trade payables decreases significantly the exchange rate risk. The Group's firm policy is to avoid purchasing foreign currency in advance and contracting FX future contracts with external parties.

##### (b) Credit risk

The Group has set and applies procedures of credit control in order to minimize the bad debts and cover receivables with securities. Commercial risk is relatively low as sales are allocated in a large number of customers. The wholesales are made mainly in customers with an assessed credit history. Credit control management sets credit limits for each customer and applies certain conditions on sales and receipts. Whenever necessary, the Group requests customers to provide security for outstanding receivables.

The distribution of trade and other receivables presented as follows:

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	31/12/2014	31/12/2013	31/12/2014	31/12/2013
Current balance	58.247	58.305	382	4.953
Not impaired at the balance sheet date but past due	3.896	2759	-	-
Impaired at the balance sheet date	38.190	37.655	-	-
	<b>100.334</b>	<b>98.719</b>	<b>382</b>	<b>4.953</b>
Provisions for impairment of receivables	<b>35.907</b>	<b>34.208</b>	<b>382</b>	<b>4.953</b>

##### Not impaired at the balance sheet date but past due in the following periods:

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	31/12/2014	31/12/2013	31/12/2014	31/12/2013
< 90 days	280	552	-	-
90-180 days	887	723	-	-
180-365 days	277	786	-	-
> 1 year	2.451	699	-	-
	<b>3.896</b>	<b>2.759</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

(Amounts presented in thousand Euro except otherwise stated)

**Impaired receivables:**

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	31/12/2014	31/12/2013	31/12/2014	31/12/2013
< 90 days	-	-	-	-
90-180 days	-	-	-	-
180-365 days	-	-	-	-
> 1 year	38.190	37.655	-	-
	<b>38.190</b>	<b>37.655</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

**(c) Liquidity risk**

Liquidity risk is keeping in low levels by having adequate cash and cash equivalent and by using adequate credit limits with collaborating banks.

The following table shows the maturing analysis of financial liabilities and derivatives of the Group:

31/12/2014	<1 year	1-2 years	2-5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Borrowings	9.283	4.772	8.329	9.380	<b>31.764</b>
Derivative Financial Instruments	-	-	-	1.676	<b>1.676</b>
Trade and other payables	68.939	89	-	-	<b>69.028</b>
	<b>78.222</b>	<b>4.861</b>	<b>8.329</b>	<b>11.056</b>	<b>102.468</b>

31/12/2013	<1 year	1-2 years	2-5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Borrowings	29.794	1.049	5.120	8.586	<b>44.549</b>
Derivative Financial Instruments	59	-	-	996	<b>1.055</b>
Trade and other payables	74.378	410	-	-	<b>74.788</b>
	<b>104.231</b>	<b>1.459</b>	<b>5.120</b>	<b>9.582</b>	<b>120.393</b>

**(d) Interest fluctuation risk**

As the Group has no significant interest bearing assets, the Group's income & operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates. Group borrowing are issued at variable rates, and according to market conditions, can be changed to fixed or remain variable. Group does not use financial derivatives.

Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest risk. Borrowings issued at fixed rates expose the Group at fair value interest rate risk.

The following table shows the Group's exposure to interest fluctuation risk:

	Increase / Decrease in basis points	Effect on profits before tax
<b>2014</b>		
	-0,25%	88
	-0,50%	176
	-0,75%	264
	-1,00%	352
	0,75%	-264
	1,00%	-352
	0,75%	-264
	1,00%	-352
<b>2013</b>		
	-0,25%	82
	-0,50%	164
	-0,75%	246
	-1,00%	329
	0,25%	-82
	0,50%	-164
	0,75%	-246
	1,00%	-329

#### (e) Interest fluctuation risk

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or raise debt.

The leverage ratio of the Group at 31 December 2014 and 31 December 2013 are presented below:

	GROUP	
	31/12/2014	31/12/2013
Total borrowings (Note 24)	31.764	44.549
Less : Cash and cash equivalents (Note 21)	(27.549)	(41.258)
Districted cash (Note 21a)	-	(4.700)
<b>Net Borrowings</b>	<b>4.215</b>	<b>(1.409)</b>
<b>Total equity</b>	<b>167.569</b>	<b>162.374</b>
<b>Total employed capital</b>	<b>171.784</b>	<b>160.965</b>
<b>Leverage ratio</b>	<b>2,45%</b>	<b>-0,88%</b>

#### 4.2 Determination of fair values

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (stock exchanges) (e.g. derivatives, shares, debentures, mutual funds) is determined by quoted market prices at the balance sheet date.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in active markets is determined by using valuation techniques and assumptions refined to reflect the market's specific circumstances at the balance sheet date.

The nominal value less estimated credit adjustments of trade receivables is assumed to approximate their fair values. The fair values of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes are estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Group for similar financial instruments.

## **5. Critical accounting estimates and judgments**

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

### **5.1 Critical accounting estimates and judgements**

The Group makes estimates and judgements concerning the future. The estimates and judgements that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next 12 months concern.

#### **(a) Income tax**

Judgement is required by the Group in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

#### **(b) Estimated goodwill impairment**

The impairment test of Goodwill's value is performed annually according to the accounting policy which is mentioned in note 2 (a). The recoverable amounts of cash generating units have been determined based on value in use calculations. These calculations require the use of estimates (see note 8).

### **5.2 Critical management estimates in applying the entity's accounting policies**

There are no areas that require management estimates in applying the Group's accounting policies.

## **6. Segment information**

### **Primary reporting format – business segments**

The Group is organised into four business segments:

- (1) Information Technology solutions and equipment
- (2) Information Technology solutions and equipment – Apple products
- (3) Courier services
- (4) Production of electric power from renewable sources

The segment results for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> of December 2014 and 31<sup>st</sup> of December 2013 are analyzed as follows:

(Amounts presented in thousand Euro except otherwise stated)

12 months up to 31 December 2014

	Information Technology	Apple products distribution	Courier services	Production of electric power from renewable sources	Unallocated	Total
<b>Total gross segment sales</b>	<b>195.019</b>	<b>54.109</b>	<b>82.440</b>	<b>5.734</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>337.319</b>
Inter-segment sales	(12.940)	(8.654)	(620)	(139)	(18)	(22.370)
<b>Net sales</b>	<b>182.079</b>	<b>45.456</b>	<b>81.820</b>	<b>5.595</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>314.949</b>
Operating profit/ (loss)	209	1.016	6.503	(615)	(587)	6.527
Finance (costs)/ revenues	(1.489)	(317)	236	(1.276)	(19)	(2.865)
Share of profit/ (loss) of Associates	-	-	-	(74)	-	(74)
<b>Profit/ (Loss) before income tax</b>	<b>(1.280)</b>	<b>699</b>	<b>6.740</b>	<b>(1.964)</b>	<b>(606)</b>	<b>3.588</b>
Income tax expense						(1.563)
<b>Profit/ (Loss) after tax for the year</b>						<b>2.025</b>

2014

	Information Technology	Apple products distribution	Courier services	Production of electric power from renewable	Unallocated	Total
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (note 7)	688	205	1.345	968	546	3.751
Amortisation of intangible assets (note 9)	1.604	8	43	2	9	1.665
Depreciation of investment properties (note 10)	(10)	-	-	-	-	(10)
Impairment of inventories	(100)	-	-	-	-	(100)
Impairment of receivables	2.234	410	-	-	-	2.644

12 months up to 31 December 2013

	Information Technology	Apple products distribution	Courier services	Production of electric power from renewable sources	Unallocated	Total
<b>Total gross segment sales</b>	<b>175.519</b>	<b>56.177</b>	<b>73.076</b>	<b>6.102</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>310.872</b>
Inter-segment sales	(8.820)	(6.699)	(440)	(262)	-	(16.221)
<b>Net sales</b>	<b>166.700</b>	<b>49.477</b>	<b>72.636</b>	<b>5.840</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>294.652</b>
Operating profit/ (loss)	121	1.377	2.805	(123)	(704)	3.477
Finance (costs)/ revenues	(733)	(244)	249	(1.003)	(55)	(1.787)
Share of profit/ (loss) of Associates	(16)	-	-	(72)	-	(88)
<b>Profit/ (Loss) before income tax</b>	<b>(628)</b>	<b>1.133</b>	<b>3.054</b>	<b>(1.198)</b>	<b>(759)</b>	<b>1.602</b>
Income tax expense						(4.391)
<b>Profit/ (Loss) after tax for the year from continuing operations</b>						<b>(2.788)</b>

2013

	Information Technology	Apple products distribution	Courier services	Production of electric power from renewable	Unallocated	Total
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (note 7)	800	124	583	1.070	529	3.106
Amortisation of intangible assets (note 9)	1.351	87	58	2	8	1.505
Depreciation of investment properties (note 10)	(10)	-	-	-	-	(10)
Impairment of intangible assets	-	-	-	-	869	869
Impairment of inventories	237	-	-	-	-	237
Impairment of receivables	(2.101)	(400)	(2.849)	-	-	(5.351)



(Amounts presented in thousand Euro except otherwise stated)

31 December 2014	Information Technology	Apple products distribution	Courier services	production of electric power from renewable sources	Unallocated	Total
Assets	93.222	19.938	25.103	50.824	102.400	291.487
Liabilities	70.981	12.761	17.089	26.098	(3.008)	123.919
Equity	22.241	7.176	8.014	24.727	105.409	167.570
Capital expenditure	3.722	38	2.201	9	452	6.421

31 December 2013	Information Technology	Apple products distribution	Courier services	production of electric power from renewable sources	Unallocated	Total
Assets	91.919	20.402	38.461	55.863	93.668	300.313
Liabilities	64.882	15.891	20.512	35.323	1.334	137.942
Equity	27.037	4.511	17.948	20.540	92.334	162.371
Capital expenditure	1.500	1.056	2.006	12.374	175	17.111

Inter-segment transfers or transactions are entered into under the normal commercial terms and conditions that would also be available to unrelated third parties.

Unallocated includes mainly subsidiaries of the Group which are going to operate in the field of the production of electric power from renewable sources.

1. Comparative amounts have been adjusted where necessary to reflect the adoption of revised IAS 19. The Group has disclosed the effect of the change in Note 3.

### Secondary reporting format – geographical segments

The home-country of the Company – which is also the main operating country – is Greece. The Groups' sales are generated mainly in Greece and in other countries within the Euro zone.

	Sales		Total assets		Capital expenditure	
	01/01-31/12/2014	01/01-31/12/2013	31/12/2014	31/12/2013	31/12/2014	31/12/2013
Greece	291.711	273.828	280.967	289.773	6.416	17.105
Eurozone	21.158	19.523	7.211	8.359	5	5
European countries out of Eurozone	1.269	759	1.772	1.229	-	1
Other countries	811	543	1.536	952	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>314.949</b>	<b>294.652</b>	<b>291.487</b>	<b>300.313</b>	<b>6.421</b>	<b>17.111</b>

### Analysis of sales by category

	01/01-31/12/2014	01/01-31/12/2013
Sales of goods	173.496	161.998
Revenue from services	141.453	132.954
Other	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>314.949</b>	<b>294.952</b>

## 7. Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment of the Group and the Company are analyzed as follows:

	Land and buildings	Vehicles and machinery	Buildings under construction	Furniture and other equipment	Total
<b>GROUP - Cost</b>					
<b>1 January 2013</b>	<b>56.066</b>	<b>22.613</b>	<b>5.170</b>	<b>26.926</b>	<b>110.774</b>
Additions	813	12.206	253	2.761	16.033
Disposals / Write-offs	-	(382)	-	(1.641)	(2.023)
Reclassifications	-	4	-	(3)	-
<b>31 December 2013</b>	<b>56.878</b>	<b>34.440</b>	<b>5.423</b>	<b>28.043</b>	<b>124.784</b>
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>					
<b>1 January 2013</b>	<b>(10.105)</b>	<b>(4.350)</b>	-	<b>(23.080)</b>	<b>(37.533)</b>
Depreciation charge	(431)	(1.250)	-	(1.424)	(3.106)
Disposals / Write-offs	-	380	-	1.595	1.975
<b>31 December 2013</b>	<b>(10.536)</b>	<b>(5.220)</b>	-	<b>(22.909)</b>	<b>(38.664)</b>
<b>Net book value at 31 December 2013</b>	<b>46.342</b>	<b>29.220</b>	<b>5.423</b>	<b>5.134</b>	<b>86.119</b>
<b>1 January 2014</b>	<b>56.878</b>	<b>34.440</b>	<b>5.423</b>	<b>28.043</b>	<b>124.784</b>
Additions	484	320	-	2.772	3.577
Disposals / Write-offs	-	(19)	-	(887)	(906)
<b>31 December 2014</b>	<b>57.362</b>	<b>34.741</b>	<b>5.423</b>	<b>29.928</b>	<b>127.455</b>
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>					
<b>1 January 2014</b>	<b>(10.536)</b>	<b>(5.220)</b>	-	<b>(22.909)</b>	<b>(38.665)</b>
Depreciation charge	(470)	(1.759)	-	(1.522)	(3.751)
Disposals / Write-offs	-	14	-	873	887
<b>31 December 2014</b>	<b>(11.006)</b>	<b>(6.966)</b>	-	<b>(23.558)</b>	<b>(41.528)</b>
<b>Net book value at 31 December 2014</b>	<b>46.356</b>	<b>27.776</b>	<b>5.423</b>	<b>6.370</b>	<b>85.925</b>

	Land and buildings	Vehicles and machinery	Buildings under construction	Furniture and other equipment	Total
<b>COMPANY - Cost</b>					
<b>1 January 2013</b>	<b>46.381</b>	<b>1.096</b>	-	<b>2.733</b>	<b>50.209</b>
Additions	83	-	-	66	149
Disposals / Write-offs	-	(260)	-	(1)	(261)
<b>31 December 2013</b>	<b>46.464</b>	<b>836</b>	-	<b>2.797</b>	<b>50.097</b>
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>					
<b>1 January 2013</b>	<b>(7.788)</b>	<b>(1.019)</b>	-	<b>(1.876)</b>	<b>(10.683)</b>
Depreciation charge	(287)	(25)	-	(218)	(530)
Disposals / Write-offs	-	260	-	1	261
<b>31 December 2013</b>	<b>(8.075)</b>	<b>(783)</b>	-	<b>(2.092)</b>	<b>(10.951)</b>
<b>Net book value at 31 December 2013</b>	<b>38.389</b>	<b>52</b>	-	<b>705</b>	<b>39.147</b>
<b>2014</b>					
<b>1 January 2014</b>	<b>46.464</b>	<b>836</b>	-	<b>2.797</b>	<b>50.097</b>
Additions	292	9	-	145	446
<b>31 December 2014</b>	<b>46.756</b>	<b>845</b>	-	<b>2.937</b>	<b>50.538</b>
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>					
<b>1 January 2014</b>	<b>(8.075)</b>	<b>(783)</b>	-	<b>(2.092)</b>	<b>(10.951)</b>
Depreciation charge	(278)	(25)	-	(225)	(529)
Disposals / Write-offs	-	-	-	5	5
<b>31 December 2014</b>	<b>(8.353)</b>	<b>(808)</b>	-	<b>(2.311)</b>	<b>(11.474)</b>
<b>Net book value at 31 December 2014</b>	<b>38.403</b>	<b>36</b>	-	<b>625</b>	<b>39.064</b>

During the closed year of 2014, the amount of euro 3.577 thousand in the Group additions concerns mainly the supply of new technological equipment of the subsidiary «ACS». In the previous year additions amounting to euro 16.032 thousand in the Group mainly comprise the construction of new 10 MW photovoltaic park of subsidiary «Quest Solar Almirou Ltd» and the supply of new technological equipment of the subsidiary «ACS».

## 8. Goodwill

The Goodwill of the Group are analyzed as follows:

	GROUP	
	31/12/2014	31/12/2013
<b>At the beginning of the year</b>	<b>8.717</b>	<b>8.717</b>
Additions	-	-
Disposals / Write-offs	-	-
<b>At the end of the year</b>	<b>8.717</b>	<b>8.717</b>

The current goodwill balance of euro 8.717 thousand is related to the acquisition of the 100% of the listed company under the name «Rainbow S.A.» (euro 4.932 thousand) and amount euro 3.785 thousand concerning the «ACS S.A.» percentages of minority shares acquisition..

### Impairment test of goodwill's value

Goodwill is allocated to the Group's cash generating units (CGU) identified according to country of operation & business segment:

	<b>31/12/2014</b>	<b>31/12/2013</b>
Greece	8.717	8.717
<b>Total</b>	<b>8.717</b>	<b>8.717</b>

Goodwill balance at the end of the period (per business segment) :

	<b>31/12/2014</b>	<b>31/12/2013</b>
Information technology	4.932	4.932
Courier services	3.785	3.785
<b>Total</b>	<b>8.717</b>	<b>8.717</b>

The recoverable amount of a CGU is determined based on value in use calculations. These calculations are pre tax cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management and cover a three year period.

The key assumptions used for value-in-use calculations are consistent with the external information sources. For the "Apple products distribution" segment, these are: discount rate: 12.8%, sales growth rate: 5%, gross margin: 12%, growth rate in perpetuity: 1,5%.

Concerning the segment of courier services, the key assumptions are: discount rate: 13.8%, sales growth rate: 4%, gross margin: 23%, growth rate in perpetuity: 1,5%.

Budgeted gross margin is based on last year's performance increased by the expected growth rate of return.

**9. Intangible assets**

The intangible assets of the Group and the Company are analyzed as follows:

	Industrial property rights	Software	Others	Total
<b>GROUP - Cost</b>				
<b>1 January 2013</b>	<b>24.104</b>	<b>9.415</b>	<b>407</b>	<b>33.927</b>
Additions	30	807	242	1.079
Disposals / Write-offs	-	-	-	-
Reclassifications	-	216	(216)	-
<b>31 December 2013</b>	<b>24.134</b>	<b>10.437</b>	<b>433</b>	<b>35.005</b>
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>				
<b>1 January 2013</b>	<b>(7.029)</b>	<b>(8.247)</b>	<b>(191)</b>	<b>(15.468)</b>
Depreciation charge	(802)	(698)	(6)	(1.505)
Impairment	(869)	-	-	(869)
<b>31 December 2013</b>	<b>(8.699)</b>	<b>(8.945)</b>	<b>(197)</b>	<b>(17.841)</b>
<b>Net book value at 31 December 2013</b>	<b>15.435</b>	<b>1.492</b>	<b>236</b>	<b>17.163</b>
<b>1 January 2014</b>				
	<b>24.134</b>	<b>10.437</b>	<b>433</b>	<b>35.005</b>
Additions	-	2.426	419	2.845
Disposals / Write-offs	-	(401)	-	(401)
<b>31 December 2014</b>	<b>24.134</b>	<b>12.863</b>	<b>852</b>	<b>37.449</b>
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>				
<b>1 January 2014</b>	<b>(8.699)</b>	<b>(8.945)</b>	<b>(197)</b>	<b>(17.842)</b>
Depreciation charge	(737)	(610)	(318)	(1.665)
Impairment	(5.563)	401	-	(5.162)
<b>31 December 2014</b>	<b>(14.998)</b>	<b>(9.555)</b>	<b>(515)</b>	<b>(25.070)</b>
<b>Net book value at 31 December 2014</b>	<b>9.135</b>	<b>3.308</b>	<b>337</b>	<b>12.779</b>
<b>COMPANY - Cost</b>				
<b>1 January 2013</b>		<b>32</b>		<b>32</b>
Additions		2		2
<b>31 December 2013</b>		<b>34</b>		<b>34</b>
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>				
<b>1 January 2013</b>		<b>(8)</b>		<b>(8)</b>
Depreciation charge		(8)		(8)
<b>31 December 2013</b>		<b>(16)</b>		<b>(15)</b>
<b>Net book value at 31 December 2013</b>		<b>18</b>		<b>19</b>
<b>1 January 2014</b>				
		<b>34</b>		<b>34</b>
Additions		5		5
<b>31 December 2014</b>		<b>39</b>		<b>39</b>
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>				
<b>1 January 2011</b>		<b>(16)</b>		<b>(16)</b>
Depreciation charge		(9)		(9)
<b>31 December 2014</b>		<b>(24)</b>		<b>(26)</b>
<b>Net book value at 31 December 2014</b>		<b>14</b>		<b>14</b>

In the closed year, impairments amounting to euro 5.563 thousand in the Group, comprise the € 2.563 thousand partial impairment for energy licenses and the partial impairment of "Unisystems" Brand name for the amount of € 3.000 thousand.

The key assumptions used to calculate to future cash flows, in order to evaluate the depreciation of the pre mentioned asset are: discount rate: 14%, sales growth rate: 4%, gross margin: 19%, growth rate in perpetuity: 1,2%.

In prior year the amount of euro (869) thousand in the previous period impairments refers to licenses for energy production from renewable sources.

## 10. Investment properties

The change of investment properties of the Group is as follows:

	GROUP	
	31/12/2014	31/12/2013
<b>Balance at the beginning of the year</b>	<b>8.230</b>	<b>8.230</b>
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>8.230</b>	<b>8.230</b>
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>		
<b>Balance at the beginning of the year</b>	<b>(2.340)</b>	<b>(44)</b>
Depreciations	(10)	(10)
Impairment	(1.016)	(2.286)
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>(3.366)</b>	<b>(2.340)</b>
<b>Net book value at the end of the year</b>	<b>4.864</b>	<b>5.890</b>

The amount of euro 4.864 thousand concerns the value of the subsidiary company's "UNISYSTEMS S.A." land, in Athens, which was acquired in 2006 with initial plan the construction of its offices. In 2007 the management decided not to construct the mentioned offices. Thus, this land is owned for long term investment other than short term disposal, based on the requirements of I.F.R.S. 40 «Investment Properties» and was transferred from Property, plant and equipment to Investment Properties. The value presented in the financial statements has been adjusted due to the allocation of the acquisitions' price of the above mentioned subsidiary.

## 11. Investments in subsidiaries

The movement of investment in subsidiaries is as follows:

	COMPANY	
	31/12/2014	31/12/2013
<b>Balance at the beginning of the year</b>	<b>83.114</b>	<b>92.889</b>
Share capital decrease	(15.360)	(11.125)
Additions	7.146	1.350
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>74.900</b>	<b>83.114</b>

### Closed year:

The amount of euro (15.360) thousand in the closed year referred to the share capital reduce of the by cash payment to shareholders of the following subsidiaries:

(Amounts presented in thousand Euro except otherwise stated)

- (1) «Info Quest Technologies» amount of euro 1.270 thousand.
- (2) «Unisystems» amount of euro 2.050 thousand.
- (3) «Acs» amount of euro 12.041 thousand.

The amount of € 7.146 thousand in the closed year mainly relates to the share capital increase of the following subsidiaries:

- (1) «Quest Energy» amount of euro 4.353 thousand.
- (2) «iStorm» amount of euro 2.500 thousand.

**Prior year:**

The amount of euro 11.125 thousand relates to the share capital decrease of the following subsidiaries:

1. «Info Quest Technologies» amount of euro 9.525 thousand.
2. «Unisystems» amount of euro 1.600 thousand.

The amount of € 1.350 thousand relates to the share capital increase of the following subsidiaries:

- (1) «Quest Energy» amount of euro 750 thousand.
- (2) «Istorm» amount of euro 600 thousand.

Summarized financial information relating to subsidiaries:

**31 December 2014**

Name	Country of incorporation	Cost	Impairment	Carrying amount	% interest held
UNISYSTEMS S.A.	Greece	72.617	36.133	36.484	100,00%
ACS S.A.	Greece	23.589	21.345	2.244	99,72%
UNITEL HELLAS S.A.	Greece	-	-	-	100,00%
ISQUARE S.A.	Greece	60	-	60	100,00%
Quest OnLine A.E.	Greece	810	-	810	100,00%
QUEST ENERGY S.A.	Greece	14.720	-	14.720	55,00%
Info Quest Technologies S.A.	Greece	30.753	13.431	17.322	100,00%
ISTORM S.A.	Greece	3.157	-	3.157	100,00%
Diasimo Holdings ltd	Cyprus	-	-	-	100,00%
U-YOU LTD	Greece	80	-	80	85,00%
INFOCARD S.A.	Greece	24	-	24	100,00%
		<b>145.810</b>	<b>70.910</b>	<b>74.900</b>	

31 December 2013

Name	Country of incorporation	Cost	Impairment	Carrying amount	% interest held
UNISYSTEMS S.A.	Greece	74.478	36.133	38.345	100,00%
ACS S.A.	Greece	35.629	21.345	14.284	99,68%
ISQUARE S.A.	Greece	60	-	60	100,00%
Quest OnLine A.E.	Greece	810	-	810	100,00%
QUEST ENERGY S.A.	Greece	10.367	-	10.367	55,00%
Info Quest Technologies S.A.	Greece	32.023	13.431	18.592	100,00%
ISTORM LTD	Greece	656	-	656	100,00%
Diasimo Holdings Ltd	Cyprus	-	-	-	100,00%
		<b>154.024</b>	<b>70.910</b>	<b>83.114</b>	

In addition to the above subsidiaries, the Group consolidated financial statements also include the indirect investments as they are presented below:

- The 100% held subsidiary of "ACS S.A.", "ACS Courier SH.pk.", which is established in Albania, and the 100% held subsidiary of "ACS S.A.", "GPS".
- The subsidiaries of "Quest Energy S.A.": "Amalia Wind Farm of Viotia S.A." (94.87% subsidiary), "Megalo Plai Wind Farm of Viotia S.A." (94.87% subsidiary), "ALPENER S.A." (90% subsidiary), "Quest Solar S.A." (100% subsidiary), "Quest Aioliki Livadiou Larisas Ltd" (98.67% subsidiary), "Quest Aioliki Servion Kozanis Ltd" (98.67% subsidiary), "Quest Aioliki Distomou Megalo Plai Ltd" (98.67% subsidiary), «Quest Solar Almirou Ltd» (98.67% subsidiary), «Quest Solar Viotias Ltd» (98,67 subsidiary), "Quest Aioliki Sidirokastrou Hortero Ltd" (98.67% subsidiary) and " Aioliko parko Dramas Ltd" (90% subsidiary).
- The "Unisystems S.A" subsidiary, "Unisystems B.V." (100% subsidiary) and "Unisystems Türk Bilgi Teknolojileri A.Ş." (80% subsidiary).

All the subsidiaries (direct & indirect) of the Company as well as the method of their consolidation are also mentioned in Note 24 (Periods unaudited by the tax authorities).

After the capital increase of "Quest Energy S.A." the indirect investment of the Company in "ALPENER S.A." amounts to 49.5%. Due to the fact that the Company has the full control and holds 55% of the share capital of "Quest Energy S.A" of which "ALPENER S.A." is a subsidiary, the Company fully consolidated "ALPENER S.A."

No other significant changes have been realized in "Investments in subsidiaries".

## 12. Investments in associates

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	31/12/2014	31/12/2013	31/12/2014	31/12/2013
<b>Balance at the beginning of the year</b>	<b>1.084</b>	<b>1.042</b>	<b>158</b>	<b>112</b>
Percentage of associates' profits / (losses)	(74)	(88)	-	-
Additions	733	193	700	46
Disposals / Write off	(3)	(64)	(3)	-
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>1.740</b>	<b>1.084</b>	<b>854</b>	<b>158</b>

The amount of € 733 thousand in the additions of the company is referred to the acquisition of the 21,5% of «Impact S.A.».

In terms of Group, "Anemopili Ellinogalliki S.A." (50% subsidiary) and its subsidiaries are included as associates through "Quest Energy S.A." (55% subsidiary). "Anemopili Ellinogalliki S.A." has the following subsidiaries: "Quest Aioliki Marmariou Trikorfo



Ltd" (77,5% subsidiary), "Quest Aioliki Marmariou Agathi Ltd" (77,5% subsidiary), "Quest Aioliki Marmariou Riza Ltd" (77,5% subsidiary), "Quest Aioliki Marmariou Agioi Apostoloi Ltd (77,5% subsidiary), "Quest Aioliki Marmariou Rigani Ltd" (77,3% subsidiary), "EDF Energies Nouvelles SA THRAKI 1" (95% subsidiary), "EDF Energies Nouvelles SA EVROS 1" (95% subsidiary), "EDF Energies Nouvelles SA RODOPI 2" (95% subsidiary), "EDF Energies Nouvelles SA RODOPI 4" (95% subsidiary), "Quest Aioliki Marmariou Pyrgos Ltd" (77,5% subsidiary) which have been renamed to "Quest Renewable Energy Sourches Ltd", "Quest Aioliki Marmariou Liapourthi Ltd" (77,5% subsidiary), "Quest Aioliki Marmariou Peristeri Ltd" (77,5% subsidiary), "Quest Aioliki Marmariou Agioi Taxiarches Ltd" (77,33% subsidiary), "Quest Aioliki Marmariou Platanos Ltd" (77,33% subsidiary), "Quest Aioliki Marmariou Chelona Ltd" (77,5% subsidiary) and "Quest Aioliki Karistou Distrata Ltd" (77,3% subsidiary).

"Anemopili Ellinogalliki S.A." and the above mentioned subsidiaries are consolidated through equity method, since the company is under common control with the French company EDF-EN.

"NUBIS S.A." (33% subsidiary) and "Impact S.A." (21,5% subsidiary) are also included as associates of the Company "Quest Holdings".

31 December 2014

Name	Country of incorporation	Assets	Liabilities	Sales	Profit	% interest held
PARKMOBILE HELLAS S.A.	Greece	909	1.927	-	-	40,00%
NUBIS S.A.	Greece	775	616	328	(123)	33,33%
ANEMOPILI ELLINOYALLIKI S.A.	Greece	3.889	8	-	(31)	27,50%
Quest Aioliki Marmariou Trikorfo Ltd	Greece	17	58	-	(2)	31,76%
Quest Aioliki Marmariou Agathi Ltd	Greece	78	128	-	(2)	31,75%
Quest Aioliki Marmariou Ag.Apostoloi Ltd	Greece	19	88	-	(2)	31,76%
Quest Aioliki Marmariou Rigani Ltd	Greece	35	80	-	(3)	31,54%
Quest Aioliki Marmariou Riza Ltd	Greece	29	52	-	(4)	31,76%
Quest Aioliki Marmariou Pyrgos Ltd	Greece	8	70	-	(1)	32,31%
Quest Aioliki Marmariou Liapourthi Ltd	Greece	21	61	-	(2)	31,76%
Quest Aioliki Marmariou Peristeri Ltd	Greece	6	2	-	(1)	31,54%
Quest Aioliki Marmariou Agioi Taxiarches Ltd	Greece	34	58	-	(3)	31,54%
Quest Aioliki Marmariou Platanos Ltd	Greece	13	55	-	(2)	31,75%
Quest Aioliki Marmariou Chelona Ltd	Greece	10	2	-	(1)	31,75%
Quest Aioliki Karistou Distrata Ltd	Greece	59	100	-	(2)	31,54%
EDF EN SA - THRAKI 1	Greece	202	62	-	(9)	26,13%
EDF EN SA - EVROS 1	Greece	11	-	-	-	26,13%
EDF EN SA - RODOPI 2	Greece	74	39	-	(2)	26,13%
EDF EN SA - RODOPI 4	Greece	21	1	-	(2)	26,13%
EDF EN SA - RODOPI 5	Greece	18	1	-	(1)	26,13%
		<b>7.096</b>	<b>3.680</b>	<b>1.778</b>	<b>42</b>	

(Amounts presented in thousand Euro except otherwise stated)

31 December 2013

Name	Country of incorporation	Assets	Liabilities	Sales	Profit	% interest held
PARKMOBILE HELLAS S.A.	Greece	909	1,927	722	(440)	40,00%
NUBIS S.A.	Greece	124	28	-	(42)	33,33%
ANEMOPILI ELLINOΓALLIKI S.A.	Greece	3.906	13	-	(45)	27,50%
Quest Aioliki Marmariou Trikorfo Ltd	Greece	25	64	-	(17)	31,76%
Quest Aioliki Marmariou Agathi Ltd	Greece	86	134	-	(15)	31,75%
Quest Aioliki Marmariou Ag.Apostoloi Ltd	Greece	26	93	-	(15)	31,76%
Quest Aioliki Marmariou Rigani Ltd	Greece	45	87	-	(16)	31,54%
Quest Aioliki Marmariou Riza Ltd	Greece	41	60	-	(16)	31,76%
Quest Aioliki Marmariou Pyrgos Ltd	Greece	15	46	-	(12)	32,31%
Quest Aioliki Marmariou Liapourthi Ltd	Greece	25	63	-	(14)	31,76%
Quest Aioliki Marmariou Peristeri Ltd	Greece	12	7	-	(12)	31,54%
Quest Aioliki Marmariou Agioi Taxiarches Ltd	Greece	39	60	-	(11)	31,54%
Quest Aioliki Marmariou Platanos Ltd	Greece	26	66	-	(14)	31,75%
Quest Aioliki Marmariou Chelona Ltd	Greece	17	7	-	(13)	31,75%
Quest Aioliki Karistou Distrata Ltd	Greece	63	102	-	(12)	31,54%
EDF EN SA - THRAKI 1	Greece	202	93	-	(8)	26,13%
EDF EN SA - EVROS 1	Greece	12	-	-	(2)	26,13%
EDF EN SA - RODOPI 1	Greece	41	-	-	(1)	26,13%
EDF EN SA - RODOPI 2	Greece	42	6	-	(4)	26,13%
EDF EN SA - RODOPI 3	Greece	31	-	-	(1)	26,13%
EDF EN SA - RODOPI 4	Greece	24	5	-	(2)	26,13%
EDF EN SA - RODOPI 5	Greece	19	3	-	(2)	26,13%
		<b>6.151</b>	<b>3.099</b>	<b>1.072</b>	<b>(659)</b>	

### 13. Financial instruments by category – Group

31/12/2014

#### Accounting Policies

#### Receivables as of Balance Sheet

	Borrowings & receivables	Receivables at fair value through P&L	Derivatives for hedging	Available for sales financial assets	Total
Available for sale financial assets				25.806	25.806
Derivatives			98		98
Trade and other receivables	64.427				64.427
Financial assets at fair value through P&L		14			14
Cash and cash equivalents	27.549				27.549
	<b>91.976</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>25.806</b>	<b>117.894</b>

#### Liabilities as of Balance Sheet

	Liabilities at fair value through P&L	Derivatives for hedging	Others	Total
Borrowings	0		31.764	31.764
Derivatives	0	1.676		1.676
	<b>0</b>	<b>1.676</b>	<b>31.764</b>	<b>33.440</b>

31/12/2013

**Receivables as of Balance Sheet**

**Accounting Policies**

	<b>Borrowings &amp; receivables</b>	<b>Receivables at fair value through P&amp;L</b>	<b>Derivatives for hedging</b>	<b>Available for sales financial assets</b>	<b>Total</b>
Available for sale financial assets				6.024	<b>6.024</b>
Derivatives					<b>0</b>
Trade and other receivables	64.511				<b>64.511</b>
Financial assets at fair value through P&L		14			<b>14</b>
Cash and cash equivalents	45.958				<b>45.958</b>
	<b>110.469</b>	<b>14</b>		<b>6.024</b>	<b>116.507</b>

**Liabilities as of Balance Sheet**

	<b>Liabilities at fair value through P&amp;L</b>	<b>Derivatives for hedging</b>	<b>Others</b>	<b>Total</b>
Borrowings			44.549	<b>44.549</b>
Derivatives		1.056		<b>1.056</b>
		<b>1.056</b>	<b>44.549</b>	<b>45.605</b>

**14. Credit quality of financial assets**

The following analysis concerns the credit quality of fully performing trade receivables:

**Trade receivables (Fully performing)**

31/12/2014

31/12/2013

**without credit rating from external source (other than The Company & the Group)**

Whole Sales	56.557	56.809
Retail Sales	1.690	1.496
<b>Total</b>	<b>58.247</b>	<b>58.305</b>

**15. Available - for - sale financial assets**

	<b>GROUP</b>		<b>COMPANY</b>	
	<b>31/12/2014</b>	<b>31/12/2013</b>	<b>31/12/2014</b>	<b>31/12/2013</b>
<b>Balance at the beginning of the year</b>	<b>6.024</b>	<b>7.179</b>	<b>5.546</b>	<b>6.598</b>
Disposals	-	(347)	-	(347)
Impairment	(247)	(786)	(16)	(683)
Revaluation at fair value	-	729	-	729
Share capital decrease	-	(753)	-	(753)
Additions	20.029	1	6.500	1
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>25.806</b>	<b>6.024</b>	<b>12.029</b>	<b>5.546</b>
Non-current assets	25.806	6.024	12.029	5.546
	<b>25.806</b>	<b>6.024</b>	<b>12.029</b>	<b>5.546</b>

Available for sale financial assets include the following:

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	31/12/2014	31/12/2013	31/12/2014	31/12/2013
<b>Listed securities:</b>				
Equity securities - Greece	-	-	-	-
Equity securities - Abroad	-	-	-	-
<b>Unlisted securities:</b>				
Equity securities - Greece	25.798	7.170	5.521	6.590
Equity securities - Abroad	8	8	8	8
	<b>25.806</b>	<b>7.179</b>	<b>5.529</b>	<b>6.598</b>

The available-for-sale financial assets comprise mainly unlisted shares. The Group establishes the fair values of unlisted securities by using refined valuation techniques and estimates in order to reflect the market's specific circumstances at the financial statements date. The fair values of listed securities are based on year-end bid prices. The value of the available-for-sale financial assets for the Group and the Company amounts to € 5.472 thousand, for the year ended 31/12/2014 relates to Company's investments in a percentage rating from 25% to 38%. However, the Company is not capable of exercising a significant influence to them, since other shareholders are controlling them either individually or in an agreement between them. For the above mentioned reason, the Company classifies the companies IASON SA (33,5% percentage), AMERICAN COMPUTERS & ENGINEERS HELLAS SA (35,48% percentage) and TEKA SYSTEMS SA (25% percentage) in the category "Available-for-sale financial assets".

The amount of euro 20.029 thousand in additions of closed year related to investment in E.U. bonds.

(Amounts presented in thousand Euro except otherwise stated)

**16. Derivative financial instruments**

	GROUP		GROUP	
	31/12/2014		31/12/2013	
	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities
<b><u>Derivatives to hedge the fair value</u></b>				
<b>Currency derivatives:</b>				
Currency forwards	98	-	-	59
<b>Total derivatives to hedge the fair value</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>59</b>
<b><u>Derivatives to cash flow hedge</u></b>				
Interest rate swaps	-	1.676	-	996
<b>Total derivatives to cash flow hedge</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>1.676</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1.055</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>1676</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1055</b>
Non-current portion	-	1.676	-	996
Current portion	98	-	-	59
<b>Total</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>1.676</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1.055</b>

The amount of euro 1.676 thousand in closed year (euro 996 thousand in 2013) relates to the fair value of interest rate swap product referenced in the contract bond lending by 55% indirect subsidiary «Quest Solar S.A.».

**17. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss**

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	31/12/2014	31/12/2013	31/12/2014	31/12/2013
<b>Balance at the beginning of the year</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>14</b>
Additions	(0)	1.000	(0)	1.000
Disposals	-	(1.000)	-	(1.000)
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>14</b>
<b>Listed securities:</b>				
Equity securities - Greece	14	14	14	14
	<b>14</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>14</b>
<b>Financial assets at fair value through P&amp;L are denominated in the following currencies:</b>				
Euro	14	14	14	14
	<b>14</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>14</b>

The Financial Assets at fair value through P&L comprise listed shares. The fair values of listed securities are based on published period-end bid prices at the financial information date.

**18. Deferred income tax**

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes relate to the same fiscal authority. The offset amounts are as follows:

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	31/12/2014	31/12/2013	31/12/2014	31/12/2013
<b>Deferred tax assets:</b>				
Deferred tax assets to be recovered after more than 12 months	7.593	5.110	392	301
Deferred tax assets to be recovered within 12 months	227	180	-	-
	<b>7.820</b>	<b>5.290</b>	<b>392</b>	<b>301</b>
<b>Deferred tax liabilities:</b>				
Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered after more than 12 months	9.039	8.981	1.722	1.514
Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered within 12 months	1	14	-	-
	<b>9.040</b>	<b>8.995</b>	<b>1.722</b>	<b>1.514</b>
	<b>(1.220)</b>	<b>(3.705)</b>	<b>(1.330)</b>	<b>(1.213)</b>

The significant portion of the deferred tax assets is to be recovered after more than 12 months.

The gross movement on the deferred income tax account is as follows:

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	31/12/2014	31/12/2013	31/12/2014	31/12/2013
<b>Balance at the beginning of period:</b>	<b>(3.705)</b>	<b>(2.825)</b>	<b>(1.212)</b>	<b>(671)</b>
Exchange differences	-	-	-	-
Business unit spin off	-	-	-	-
Income statement charge (Note 31)	2.175	(888)	(180)	(525)
Tax charged to equity	309	7	63	(16)
<b>Balance at the end of period</b>	<b>(1.220)</b>	<b>(3.705)</b>	<b>(1.329)</b>	<b>(1.213)</b>

The movement in deferred tax assets and liabilities during the year, without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdictions, is as follows:

**GROUP**

**Deferred Tax Liabilities:**

	Accelerated tax depreciation	Fair value gains	Other	Total
<b>Balance at 1 January 2013</b>	<b>1.069</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>7.202</b>	<b>8.381</b>
Charged / (credited) to the income statement	514	30	71	615
<b>Balance at 31 December 2013</b>	<b>1.583</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>7.273</b>	<b>8.995</b>
Charged / (credited) to the income statement	170	24	(147)	46
<b>Balance at 31 December 2014</b>	<b>1.753</b>	<b>163</b>	<b>7.126</b>	<b>9.040</b>

**Deferred Income Tax Assets:**

	Provisions/ Impairment losses	Accelerated tax depreciation	Tax losses	Fair value gains	Other	Total
<b>Balance at 1 January 2013</b>	<b>1.419</b>	<b>(98)</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>4.098</b>	<b>5.556</b>
Charged / (credited) to the income statement	154	(103)	-	78	(403)	(273)
Charged to equity	17	-	-	-	(10)	7
<b>Balance at 31 December 2013</b>	<b>1.590</b>	<b>(201)</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>218</b>	<b>3.685</b>	<b>5.290</b>
Charged / (credited) to the income statement	(111)	(121)	-	42	2.411	2.221
Charged to equity	117	-	-	(13)	205	309
<b>Balance at 31 December 2014</b>	<b>1.596</b>	<b>(322)</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>248</b>	<b>6.300</b>	<b>7.820</b>

**COMPANY**

**Deferred Tax Liabilities:**

	Accelerated tax depreciation	Fair value gains	Other	Total
<b>Balance at 1 January 2013</b>	<b>949</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>961</b>
Charged / (credited) to the income statement	550	(1)	4	553
Business unit spin off	-	-	-	-
<b>Balance at 31 December 2013</b>	<b>1.499</b>	<b>(1)</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>1.514</b>
Charged / (credited) to the income statement	210	-	(0)	209
<b>Balance at 31 December 2014</b>	<b>1.708</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>1.722</b>

**Deferred Income Tax Assets:**

	Provisions/ Impairment losses	Accelerated tax depreciation	Tax losses	Fair value gains	Other	Total
<b>Balance at 1 January 2013</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(6)</b>	<b>296</b>	<b>291</b>
Charged / (credited) to the income statement	-	-	-	6	20	26
Charged to equity	-	-	-	-	(16)	(16)
<b>Balance at 31 December 2013</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>301</b>	<b>301</b>
Charged / (credited) to the income statement	-	-	-	26	3	29
Charged to equity	-	-	-	-	63	63
<b>Balance at 31 December 2014</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>366</b>	<b>392</b>

## 19. Inventories

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	31/12/2014	31/12/2013	31/12/2014	31/12/2013
<i>Amounts in thousand Euro</i>				
Raw materials	917	580	-	-
Finished goods - warehouse	84	55	-	-
Finished goods - retail	14.338	12.241	-	-
Other	1.065	1.093	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>16.404</b>	<b>13.970</b>	-	-
Less: Provisions for obsolete and slow-moving inventories:				
Raw materials	75	43	-	-
Finished goods - retail	3.163	3.173	-	-
	<b>3.238</b>	<b>3.215</b>	-	-
<b>Total net realisable value</b>	<b>13.166</b>	<b>10.755</b>	-	-

The change in the provision for obsolete and slow – moving inventories is analyzed as follows:

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	31/12/2014	31/12/2013	31/12/2014	31/12/2013
<b>Analysis of provision</b>				
At beginning of year	3.214	2.995	-	-
Additional provision for the period	123	1.057	-	-
Provision used	(100)	(837)	-	-
At end of year	<b>3.237</b>	<b>3.214</b>	-	-

## 20. Trade and other receivables

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	31/12/2014	31/12/2013	31/12/2014	31/12/2013
Trade receivables	99.906	97.929	60	155
Less: provision for impairment of receivables	(35.907)	(34.208)	-	-
<b>Trade receivables - net</b>	<b>63.999</b>	<b>63.720</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>155</b>
Receivables from related parties (note 38)	428	790	322	4.798
Other receivables	22.079	32.841	145	140
<b>Total</b>	<b>86.505</b>	<b>97.352</b>	<b>527</b>	<b>5.093</b>
Non-current portion	912	576	49	49
Current portion	85.593	96.776	478	5.045
	<b>86.505</b>	<b>97.352</b>	<b>527</b>	<b>5.093</b>



(Amounts presented in thousand Euro except otherwise stated)

Ageing analysis of trade receivables:

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	31/12/2014	31/12/2013	31/12/2014	31/12/2013
<b>Total</b>	<b>64.427</b>	<b>64.511</b>	<b>382</b>	<b>4.953</b>
Not past due and not impaired at the balance sheet date	58.247	58.305	382	4.953
Impaired at the balance sheet date	38.190	37.655	-	-
Provision provided for the amount of:	(35.907)	(34.208)	-	-
	<b>2.284</b>	<b>3.446</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
Not impaired at the balance sheet date but past due in the following periods:				
< 90 days	280	552	-	-
90-180 days	887	723	-	-
180-365 days	277	786	-	-
> 1 year	2.451	699	-	-
	<b>3.896</b>	<b>2.759</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
	<b>64.427</b>	<b>64.511</b>	<b>382</b>	<b>4.953</b>

Trade and other receivables are dominated in the following currencies:

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	31/12/2014	31/12/2013	31/12/2014	31/12/2013
Euro	62.837	63.844	527	5.093
US Dollar	882	23	-	-
Romanian RON	447	-	-	-
Other	261	644	-	-
	<b>64.427</b>	<b>64.511</b>	<b>527</b>	<b>5.093</b>

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	31/12/2014	31/12/2013	31/12/2014	31/12/2013
<b>Balance at 1 January</b>	34.208	32.028	-	-
Additional provision for the year	2.644	5.381	-	-
Utilised during the year	(14)	(2.975)	-	-
Unused amounts reversed	(740)	(30)	-	-
Discounting	(192)	(196)	-	-
<b>Balance at 31 December</b>	<b>35.906</b>	<b>34.208</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

## 21. Cash and cash equivalents

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	31/12/2014	31/12/2013	31/12/2014	31/12/2013
Cash in hand	249	211	4	3
Short-term bank deposits	27.301	41.047	877	1.570
<b>Total</b>	<b>27.549</b>	<b>41.258</b>	<b>881</b>	<b>1.573</b>

Short-term bank deposits consist of demand deposits or time in Greece and abroad. Actual determined according to variable rates and negotiate appropriate.

Cash and bank overdrafts include the following for the purposes of the cash flow statement:

(Amounts presented in thousand Euro except otherwise stated)

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	31/12/2014	31/12/2013	31/12/2014	31/12/2013
Cash and cash equivalents	27.549	41.258	881	1.573
<b>Total</b>	<b>27.549</b>	<b>41.258</b>	<b>881</b>	<b>1.573</b>

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	31/12/2014	31/12/2013	31/12/2014	31/12/2013
Euro	27.062	39.973	735	1.467
US Dollars	301	851	146	106
Bulgaria Lev	-	69	-	-
Romanian RON	49	55	-	-
Dinars	135	308	-	-
Other	2	2	-	-
	<b>27.549</b>	<b>41.258</b>	<b>881</b>	<b>1.573</b>

## 21a. Restricted cash

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	31/12/2014	31/12/2013	31/12/2014	31/12/2013
Restricted cash	-	4.700	-	-
	<b>-</b>	<b>4.700</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

In 2013 the Group had euro 4.700 thousand of cash which is bound for bank guarantees to be issued in order to ensure vendors' credit lines.

## 22. Share capital

	Number of shares	Ordinary shares	Share premium	Total
<b>1 January 2013</b>	48.069.201	19.228	39.592	58.820
Share Capital decrease	(35.887.329)	(13.159)	-	(13.159)
Cancellation of treasury shares	(219.429)	(88)	(179)	(266)
<b>31 December 2013</b>	<b>11.962.443</b>	<b>5.981</b>	<b>39.413</b>	<b>45.394</b>
<b>1 January 2014</b>	<b>11.962.443</b>	<b>5.981</b>	<b>39.413</b>	<b>45.394</b>
<b>31 December 2014</b>	<b>11.962.443</b>	<b>5.981</b>	<b>39.413</b>	<b>45.394</b>

The Shareholders' Extraordinary General Meeting, held on the 21th of November 2013, unanimously decided:

a) The reduction of the share capital through annulment of 219,429 owned/treasury ordinary shares, thus reducing (from 48,069,201 € to 47,849,772 ordinary shares) the total number of the shares that make up the Company's share capital, in accordance with Article 16 of the L2190/20.

After the as above share capital's reduction, it amounts to 19,139,908.80 euros divided into 47,849,772 ordinary shares of 0.40 euro nominal value each.

b) The further reduction of the share capital of 13,158,687.30 euro through:

(i) increase of each share nominal value, as well as reduction of the total number of shares (from 47,849,772 to 11,962,443) through a reverse split (four (4) existing shares to one (1) new share), so as the nominal value of each new (derived from the reverse split) share would rise to euro 1,60 nominal value and

(Amounts presented in thousand Euro except otherwise stated)

(ii) reduction of the nominal value of each new (derived from the reverse split) share of 1,10 euros per share and payment of the corresponding amount to the shareholders.

After the as above transactions the Company's share capital amounts to 5,981,221.50 euros which is divided into 11,962,443 ordinary shares of euro 0.50 nominal value each.

### 23. Other reserves & retained earnings

	Statutory reserve	Special reserve	Tax-free reserve	Available-for-sale reserve	Fair value reserve of derivatives	Forex translation differences	Total
<b>GROUP</b>							
1 January 2013	13.036	-	-	(6.672)	(1.296)	(25)	5.043
Changes during the year	-	-	-	879	-	-	879
<b>31 December 2013</b>	<b>13.036</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(5.793)</b>	<b>(1.296)</b>	<b>(25)</b>	<b>5.922</b>
1 January 2014	13.036	-	-	(5.793)	(1.296)	(25)	5.922
Changes during the year	-	-	-	798	-	-	798
<b>31 December 2014</b>	<b>13.036</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(4.995)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(25)</b>	<b>6.720</b>
	Statutory reserve	Special reserve	Tax-free reserve	Available-for-sale reserve	Total		
<b>COMPANY</b>							
1 January 2013	11.019	-	-	(1.591)	9.428		
Changes during the year	-	-	-	420	420		
<b>31 December 2013</b>	<b>11.019</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(1.171)</b>	<b>9.848</b>		
1 January 2014	11.019	-	-	(1.171)	9.848		
Changes during the year	-	-	-	1.171	1.171		
<b>31 December 2014</b>	<b>11.019</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>11.019</b>		

#### (a) Statutory reserve

A legal reserve is created under the provisions of Greek law (Law 2190/20, articles 44 and 45) according to which, an amount of at least 5% of the profit (after tax) for the year must be transferred to the reserve until it reaches one third of the paid share capital. The legal reserve can only be used, after approval of the Annual General meeting of the shareholders, to offset retained losses and therefore can not be used for any other purpose.

#### (b) Available-for-sale reserve

The available-for-sale reserve includes non-realized profit or losses that occur from changes of the fair value of the financial assets that are reclassified as held for sale. In case of disposal or impairment of the held for sale financial assets, the cumulative readjustments of the fair value are transferred to P&L.

## 24. Borrowings

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	31/12/2014	31/12/2013	31/12/2014	31/12/2013
<b>Non-current borrowings</b>				
Bonds	22.481	14.754	-	-
<b>Total non-current borrowings</b>	<b>22.481</b>	<b>14.754</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Current borrowings</b>				
Bank borrowings	7.002	23.267	-	10.000
Bonds	2.281	6.527	-	-
<b>Total current borrowings</b>	<b>9.283</b>	<b>29.794</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>10.000</b>
<b>Total borrowings</b>	<b>31.764</b>	<b>44.549</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>10.000</b>

The Group has approved credit lines with financial institutions amounting to euro 90,5 million and the Company to euro 0,5 million. Short term borrowings fair values reach their book values.

The movement of borrowings is analyzed as follows:

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	31/12/2014	31/12/2013	31/12/2014	31/12/2013
<b>Balance at the beginning of the year</b>	<b>44.549</b>	<b>30.692</b>	<b>10.000</b>	-
Repayment of borrowings	(14.669)	(7.429)	(10.000)	-
Proceeds of borrowings	1.884	21.286	-	10.000
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>31.764</b>	<b>44.549</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>10.000</b>

Average interest concerning short term borrowings for the Company and the Group was 6,2%. Both the Company and the Group are not exposed to exchange risk since the total of borrowings for 2014 was in euro.

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	31/12/2014	31/12/2013	31/12/2014	31/12/2013
Between 1 and 2 years	4.772	1.049	-	-
Between 2 and 3 years	3.501	2.028	-	-
Between 3 and 5 years	4.829	3.092	-	-
Over 5 years	9.380	8.586	-	-
	<b>22.481</b>	<b>14.754</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

The Company is exposed to interest rate changes that domain in the market and which affect its financial position and cash flow. The cost of borrowing is possible to either increase or decrease as a result of the above mentioned fluctuations.

**Bond Loans**

**iSquare S.A.**

On October 15<sup>th</sup>, 2014, the 100% subsidiary company iSquare A.E. signed with Alpha Bank a contract concerning a 4 years bond loan edition of euro 4.000 thousand in order to refinance its financing, by the same bank, To ensure this loan the Company is the loan guarantor. The interest rate is Euribor plus a 3,5% margin. Loan repayment will take place in 8 installments.

The Company has to keep a satisfactory capital adequacy, profitability and liquidity, as these are determined by the following financial indicators:

- (1) Total Borrowings minus Cash & Cash equivalents over EBITDA has to be reserved less than 3,75.
- (2) EBITDA over Finance Expense minus Financial Income has to be throughout the Bond Loan greater to 2,00.
- (3) Total Borrowings minus Cash & Cash equivalents to Total equity has to be throughout the Bond Loan less to 0,50.

The measurement of the above mentioned financial indicators takes place every 6 months on the consolidated and audited financial statements of the Group. It is noted that the companies which are going to activate in the production of electric power are not taken into account in the consolidated financial statements.

On December 31<sup>st</sup>, 2014, the Group, keeping its contractual commitment, was qualifying these indicators.

**Quest Solar S.A.**

On July 6<sup>th</sup> 2011, Quest Solar S.A. (55% subsidiary) signed the issuance of a bond loan, with EMPORIKI BANK OF GREECE, amounting euro 17,5 million of a duration of 18 years. The purpose of the above loan is to finance the 7,5 MW photovoltaic park installation at «Revenia» location, Thiva, Viotia. The weighted rate is to Euribor plus 4,5% up to 5%.

The above long term bond loan has the following financial covenant of the Company's financial statements:

The Debt Service Cover Ratio of Quest Solar S.A. must be greater to 1,2 on yearly basis.

**Unisystems S.A.**

On July 1<sup>st</sup>, 2011, Unisystems S.A. (100% subsidiary) signed the issuance of a bond loan amounting euro 6 million. The bond loan, signed with NATIONAL BANK OF GREECE SA, has a six year maturity and its scope is to finance the company's office building construction. The weighted rate of the above loan is to Euribor of three months plus 4,5%.

Unisystems S.A. has the following financial covenants of the company's financial statements:

1. EBITDA (earnings before interests taxes depreciations and amortizations) over Financial Expense minus Financial Income to be throughout the bond loan greater or equal to 5.
2. Total loans (-) Cash and cash equivalents over EBITDA (earnings before interests taxes depreciations and amortizations) to be throughout the bond loan less or equal to 4.
3. The sum of Short term and Long term Liabilities to the total Equity to be throughout the bond loan less or equal to 2,5.

**Other non-current borrowings**

On July 26<sup>th</sup>, 2013, Quest Solar Almirou S.A.(100% subsidiary) signed a loan contract with EFG, of a loan amount euro 7.500 thousand

The Debt Service Cover Ratio must be greater to 1,1 for the year 2014, and 1,2 for the forthcoming years.

On November 20<sup>th</sup>, 2014 it had been signed that the first loan instalment is going to take place at January 1<sup>st</sup>, 2015.

**25. Retirement benefit obligations**

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	31/12/2014	31/12/2013	31/12/2014	31/12/2013
<b>Balance sheet obligations for:</b>				
Pension benefits	6.574	5.115	107	76
<b>Total</b>	<b>6.574</b>	<b>5.115</b>	<b>107</b>	<b>76</b>
<b>Income statement charge:</b>				
Pension benefits	740	177	10	(35)
<b>Total</b>	<b>740</b>	<b>177</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>(35)</b>

**Pension benefits**

The amounts recognised in the balance sheet are determined as follows:

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	31/12/2014	31/12/2013	31/12/2014	31/12/2013
Present value of unfunded obligations	6.574	5.115	107	76
<b>Liability in the balance sheet</b>	<b>6.574</b>	<b>5.115</b>	<b>107</b>	<b>76</b>

The amounts recognised in the income statement are as follows:

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	31/12/2014	31/12/2013	31/12/2014	31/12/2013
Current service cost	396	220	7	9
Interest cost	177	149	3	4
Net actuarial (gains) / losses recognised during the year	13	(366)	-	(52)
Past service cost	154	174	-	4
<b>Total included in employee benefit expenses</b>	<b>740</b>	<b>177</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>(35)</b>

The principal annual actuarial assumptions used are as follows:

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	31/12/2014	31/12/2013	31/12/2014	31/12/2013
Discount rate	2,00%	3,50%	2,00%	3,50%
Inflation	2,00%	2,00%	2,00%	2,00%
Future salary increases	2,00%	2,00%	2,00%	2,00%

The expected maturity analysis of undiscounted pension benefits is as follows:

Balance at 31 December 2014	Less than a year	Between 1-2 years	Between 2-5 years	Over 5 years	Total
	Pension benefits	16	-	30	9.550

The sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to changes in the weighted principal assumptions is:

	Impact		
	Change in assumption	Increase in assumption	Decrease in assumption
Discount rate	0,50%	6,73%	5,99%

(Amounts presented in thousand Euro except otherwise stated)

## 26. Government Grants

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	31/12/2014	31/12/2013	31/12/2014	31/12/2013
Balance at beginning of the year	66	69	66	69
Transfer to income statement (depreciations)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
<b>Balance at end of the year</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>66</b>
Non-current grants	63	66	63	66
	<b>63</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>66</b>

## 27. Trade and other payables

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	31/12/2014	31/12/2013	31/12/2014	31/12/2013
Trade payables	30.964	25.262	30	142
Amounts due to related parties (note 38)	121	811	547	360
Accrued expenses	7.655	6.203	174	116
Social security and other taxes	9.127	6.387	211	149
Other liabilities	21.161	36.125	321	348
<b>Total</b>	<b>69.028</b>	<b>74.788</b>	<b>1.283</b>	<b>1.116</b>

### Analysis of obligations:

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	31/12/2014	31/12/2013	31/12/2014	31/12/2013
Non-current	89	410	385	383
Current	68.939	74.378	898	732
<b>Total</b>	<b>69.028</b>	<b>74.788</b>	<b>1.283</b>	<b>1.116</b>

## 28. Expenses by nature

	Note	GROUP		COMPANY	
		01/01-31/12/2014	01/01-31/12/2013	01/01-31/12/2014	01/01-31/12/2013
Employee benefit expense	29	(48.158)	(44.783)	(1.142)	(1.018)
Costs of inventories recognised as expense		(150.132)	(142.655)	-	-
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	7	(3.751)	(3.106)	(529)	(529)
Repair and maintenance expenditure on property, plant and equipment		(499)	(462)	(190)	(184)
Amortisation of intangible assets	9	(1.665)	(1.505)	(9)	(8)
Operating lease rentals		(1.922)	(1.749)	(48)	(60)
Advertising		(2.960)	(2.786)	(45)	(24)
Other third parties fees		(73.059)	(65.702)	(224)	(709)
Inventories write off & Storage merchandise		(26)	(732)	-	-
Other		(20.055)	(24.366)	(910)	(755)
<b>Total</b>		<b>(302.229)</b>	<b>(287.845)</b>	<b>(3.097)</b>	<b>(3.286)</b>
<b>Allocation of total expenses by function:</b>					
Cost of sales		(260.878)	(243.494)	-	-
Selling and marketing costs		(18.552)	(21.501)	-	-
Administrative expenses		(22.799)	(22.851)	(3.097)	(3.286)
		<b>(302.229)</b>	<b>(287.845)</b>	<b>(3.097)</b>	<b>(3.286)</b>

**29. Employee benefit expense**

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	01/01-31/12/2014	01/01-31/12/2013	01/01-31/12/2014	01/01-31/12/2013
Wages and salaries	(36.602)	(34.509)	(922)	(796)
Social security costs	(6.811)	(6.966)	-	-
Other employer contributions and expenses	(1.660)	(1.645)	(141)	(155)
Pension costs - defined benefit plans (note 25)	(740)	(177)	(10)	35
Other post employment benefits	(2.345)	(1.486)	(69)	(102)
<b>Total</b>	<b>(48.158)</b>	<b>(44.783)</b>	<b>(1.142)</b>	<b>(1.019)</b>

**30. Finance income and costs**

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	01/01-31/12/2014	01/01-31/12/2013	01/01-31/12/2014	01/01-31/12/2013
<b>Finance costs</b>				
-Bank borrowings	(1.167)	(498)	(108)	(21)
- Bond loan	(900)	(1.025)	-	-
- Guarantees	(430)	(428)	-	-
- Other	(1.304)	(884)	(1)	(1)
-Net foreign exchange losses on financing activities	(70)	(101)	-	(67)
<b>Total</b>	<b>(3.871)</b>	<b>(2.934)</b>	<b>(110)</b>	<b>(89)</b>
<b>Finance income</b>				
-Interest income	511	666	10	31
-Other	495	482	62	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>1.006</b>	<b>1.148</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>31</b>
<b>Net finance costs</b>	<b>(2.866)</b>	<b>(1.787)</b>	<b>(38)</b>	<b>(58)</b>

**31. Income tax expense**

Income tax expense of the Group and Company for the year ended 31/12/2014 and 31/12/2013 respectively was:

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	01/01-31/12/2014	01/01-31/12/2013	01/01-31/12/2014	01/01-31/12/2013
Current tax	(3.738)	(3.465)	-	-
Deferred tax	2.175	(926)	(180)	(526)
<b>Total</b>	<b>(1.563)</b>	<b>(4.392)</b>	<b>(180)</b>	<b>(526)</b>

In addition, the cumulative provision for future tax liability concerning tax unaudited years was for 31/12/2014 and 31/12/2013 as follows:



(Amounts presented in thousand Euro except otherwise stated)

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	31/12/2014	31/12/2013	31/12/2014	31/12/2013
Provision for unaudited years	1.407	1.407	-	-

The Company and its Greek subsidiaries of the Group for the year ended on 31/12/2014, as well as for the previous year of 2013 have not calculated additional provisions, as the tax audit for the year ended had already been performed by the statutory auditors. The Management of the companies of the group does not expect significant tax liabilities beyond those recognized and reported in the financial statements.

Current income tax, for the Company and the domestic subsidiaries, has been calculated using the tax rate of the year 2014, 26% (2013, 26%). Concerning the abroad subsidiaries, in order for the current tax expense to be calculated, domestic tax rates have been used. Tax over profit before taxes of the Company differs to the theoretical amount which would arise in case of using the weighted average tax rate of the company's' Country of origin.

### 32. Other operating income / (expenses) - net

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	01/01-31/12/2014	01/01-31/12/2013	01/01-31/12/2014	01/01-31/12/2013
Dividend income	433	27	3.405	-
Amortisation of grants received	3	3	3	3
Other income from grants	285	27	-	-
Rental income	315	301	2.416	2.420
Other	612	346	864	924
<b>Total</b>	<b>1.648</b>	<b>705</b>	<b>6.689</b>	<b>3.347</b>

### 33. Other (losses)/gains – net

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	01/01-31/12/2014	01/01-31/12/2013	01/01-31/12/2014	01/01-31/12/2013
Profit / loss on disposal of available for sale financial assets	-	(191)	-	(191)
Impairment charge of available for sale financial assets	(1.343)	(683)	(1.130)	(683)
Profit / (Loss) on derivatives not qualifying as hedges	157	(14)	28	17
Impairment charge of investment property (note 10)	(1.016)	(2.286)	-	-
Impairment charge of intangible assets (note 9)	(5.563)	(869)	-	-
Other	(73)	7	(4)	124
<b>Total</b>	<b>(7.838)</b>	<b>(4.035)</b>	<b>(1.106)</b>	<b>(732)</b>

### 34. Commitments

#### Capital commitments

At the financial information date, December 31<sup>st</sup>, 2014, there are no capital expenditures that has been contracted for the Group and the Company.

#### Operating lease commitments

The Group leases mechanical equipment under operating leases. Total future lease payments under operating leases are as follows:

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	31/12/2014	31/12/2013	31/12/2014	31/12/2013
Not later than 1 year	2.390	2.083	32	23
Later than 1 year but not later than 5 years	5.771	6.656	59	53
Later than 5 years	2.913	2.041	-	-
	<b>11.074</b>	<b>10.780</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>76</b>

### 35. Contingencies

The Group and the Company have contingencies in respect of bank guarantees, guarantees and other matters arising in the ordinary course of business from which Management is confident that no material liability will arise.

The contingent liabilities are analysed as follows:

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	31/12/2014	31/12/2013	31/12/2014	31/12/2013
Guarantees for good performance	16.406	12.025	-	-
Letters of guarantee to participations in contests	2.861	3.404	-	-
Guarantees for advance payments	3.932	5.645	-	-
Guarantees to banks on behalf of subsidiaries	69.395	53.259	69.395	67.195
Letters of guarantee to creditors	16.254	17.759	16.254	14.759
Guarantees to banks from subsidiaries	11.000	18.500	-	-
Other	9.180	9.413	-	-
	<b>129.028</b>	<b>120.005</b>	<b>85.649</b>	<b>81.954</b>

In addition to the above, the following specific issues should be noted:

The tax obligations of the Group are not final since there are prior periods which have not been inspected by the tax authorities. Note 40 presents the last periods inspected by the tax authorities for each company in the Group.

Furthermore, there are various legal cases against companies of the Group for which the Management estimates that no additional material liabilities will arise.

### **36. Guarantees**

In the end of the current period the liens and mortgages on the Group's and Company's land and buildings are as follow:

A) On February 17th, 2012 a mortgage was registered on the property (land) - located at L. Athinon 114 - of the Company's subsidiary "Unisystems" in favour of the National Bank of Greece, for the amount of €2.800 thousand.

B) Furthermore, in order to ensure the subsidiary's "Quest Solar" Bond Agreement with the Commercial Bank, a pledge was registered on the equipment of the above Company's subsidiary for the amount of €17.500 thousand.

C) For the non-current loan of "Quest Solar Almirou S.A.", a pledge was registered, with EFG, on the equipment for the amount of € 12.500 thousand and on land area for €3.000 thousand.

### **37. Dividends**

There is no proposal for dividend distribution.

**38. Related party transactions**

The following transactions were carried out with related parties:

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	01/01- 31/12/2014	01/01- 31/12/2013	01/01- 31/12/2014	01/01- 31/12/2013
<b>i) Sales of goods and services</b>				
Sales of goods to:	<b>2.995</b>	<b>6.107</b>	-	-
- Other indirect subsidiaries	4	6	-	-
- Other related parties	2.991	6.101	-	-
Sales of services to:	<b>1.591</b>	<b>1.001</b>	<b>2.929</b>	<b>3.068</b>
-Unisystems	-	-	1.514	1.643
-Info Quest Technologies	-	-	994	986
-ACS	-	-	2	1
-iStorm	-	-	8	2
-iSquare	-	-	186	198
- Other direct subsidiaries	-	-	200	221
- Other indirect subsidiaries	39	27	25	16
- Other related parties	1.552	974	-	-
Divident proceeds	-	-	-	-
-Unisystems	-	-	-	-
-Info Quest Technologies	-	-	-	-
-ACS	-	-	-	-
-iStorm	-	-	-	-
-iSquare	-	-	-	-
- Other direct subsidiaries	-	-	-	-
- Other indirect subsidiaries	-	-	-	-
- Other related parties	-	-	-	-
	<b>4.585</b>	<b>7.108</b>	<b>2.929</b>	<b>3.068</b>

(Amounts presented in thousand Euro except otherwise stated)

**ii) Purchases of goods and services**

Purchases of goods from:	<b>455</b>	<b>1.341</b>	-	-
- Other related parties	455	1.341	-	-
Purchases of services from:	<b>99</b>	<b>214</b>	<b>101</b>	-
-Unisystems	-	-	28	-
-Info Quest Technologies	-	-	54	-
-ACS	-	-	-	-
-iStorm	-	-	-	-
-iSquare	-	-	-	-
- Other indirect subsidiaries	57	184	-	-
- Other related parties	42	30	-	-
	<b>553</b>	<b>2.559</b>	<b>203</b>	-

**iii) Benefits to management**

Salaries and other short-term employment benefits	3.021	2.478	198	201
	<b>3.021</b>	<b>2.478</b>	<b>198</b>	<b>201</b>

**iv) Period end balances from sales-purchases of goods/services/dividends**

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	31/12/2014	31/12/2013	31/12/2014	31/12/2013
Receivables from related parties:				
-Unisystems	-	-	127	119
-Info Quest Technologies	-	-	-	245
-iSquare	-	-	4	3
- Other direct subsidiaries	-	-	8	4.380
- Other indirect subsidiaries	386	252	162	50
- Other related parties	42	538	-	-
	<b>428</b>	<b>790</b>	<b>322</b>	<b>4.798</b>
Obligations to related parties:				
-Unisystems	-	-	177	180
-Info Quest Technologies	-	-	318	130
-ACS	-	-	-	-
-iStorm	-	-	1	-
-iSquare	-	-	30	30
- Other direct subsidiaries	-	-	21	16
- Other indirect subsidiaries	-	-	-	4
- Other related parties	121	811	-	-
	<b>121</b>	<b>811</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>360</b>
<b>v) Receivables from management personnel</b>	-	-	-	-
<b>vi) Payables to management personnel</b>	-	-	-	-

Services from, and, to related parties as well as sales and purchases of goods, take place on the basis of the price lists in force with non-related parties.

**39. Earnings per share**

**Basic and diluted**

Basic and diluted earnings/ (losses) per share are calculated by dividing profit/(loss) attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent entity, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period, and excluding any ordinary treasury shares that were bought by the Company.

**Continuing operations**

	GROUP	
	01/01- 31/12/2014	01/01- 31/12/2013
Earnings/ (Losses) from continuing operations attributable to equity holders of the Company	3.025	(2.149)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (in thousand)	11.938	11.938
Basic earnings/ (losses) per share (Euro per share)	0,2534	(0,1800)

#### **40. Periods unaudited by the tax authorities**

##### Tax Compliance certificate

From the financial year 2011 and onwards, all Greek Societe Anonyme and Limited Liability Companies that are required to prepare audited statutory financial statements must in addition obtain an "Annual Tax Certificate" as provided for by paragraph 5 of Article 82 of L.2238/1994. This "Annual Tax Certificate" must be issued by the same statutory auditor or audit firm that issues the audit opinion on the statutory financial statements. Upon completion of the tax audit, the statutory auditor or audit firm must issue to the entity a "Tax Compliance Report" which will subsequently be submitted electronically to the Ministry of Finance, by the statutory auditor or audit firm. This "Tax Compliance Report" must be submitted to the Ministry of Finance, within ten days from the date of approval of the financial statements by the General Meeting of Shareholders. The Ministry of Finance will subsequently select a sample of at least 9% of all companies for which a "Tax Compliance Report" has been submitted for the performance of a tax audit by the relevant auditors from the Ministry of Finance. The audit by the Ministry of Finance must be completed within a period of eighteen months from the date when the "Tax Compliance Report" was submitted to the Ministry of Finance.

##### Unaudited fiscal years

The Company is unaudited by the tax authorities for the years 2009 to 2010. For the year ended 2014, the tax audit been performed by the auditing firm «PricewaterhouseCoopers Inc.» By conducting such an audit, the Company's management does not anticipate incurring significant tax liabilities other than those recorded and disclosed in financial statements.

The unaudited by the tax authorities years up to 2010 for each company of the Group, are as follows:

(Amounts presented in thousand Euro except otherwise stated)

Company Name	Country of incorporation	% Participation (Direct)	% Participation (Indirect)	Consolidation Method	Unaudited years
<b>** Quest Holdings S.A.</b>	-	-	-	-	<b>2009-2010</b>
<b>* Unisystems S.A.</b>	<b>Greece</b>	<b>100,00%</b>	<b>100,00%</b>	<b>Full</b>	<b>2010</b>
- Unisystems Belgium S.A.	Belgium	99,84%	100,00%	Full	2009-2010
- Unisystems B.V.	Holland	100,00%	100,00%	Full	-
- Unisystems Türk Bilgi Teknolojileri A.Ş.	Turkey	80,00%	80,00%	Full	-
- Parkmobile Hellas S.A.	Greece	40,00%	40,00%	Equity Method	2007-2010
<b>- Unisystems Cyprus Ltd</b>	<b>Cyprus</b>	<b>100,00%</b>	<b>100,00%</b>	<b>Full</b>	<b>2007-2010</b>
- Unisystems Information Technology Systems SRL	Romania	100,00%	100,00%	Full	2007-2010
<b>* ACS S.A.</b>	<b>Greece</b>	<b>99,68%</b>	<b>99,72%</b>	<b>Full</b>	<b>2009-2010</b>
- ACS Courier SH.p.k.	Albania	100,00%	99,72%	Full	2005-2010
- GPS Postal Services IKE	Greece	100,00%	99,72%	Full	-
<b>* Quest Energy S.A.</b>	<b>Greece</b>	<b>55,00%</b>	<b>55,00%</b>	<b>Full</b>	<b>2010</b>
- Quest Aioliki Marmariou Pyrgos Ltd	Greece	20,00%	11,00%	Equity Method	2010
- Wind farm of Viotia Amalia S.A.	Greece	97,88%	53,83%	Full	2010
- Wind farm of Viotia Megalo Plai S.A.	Greece	97,88%	53,83%	Full	2010
- ALPENER S.A.	Greece	90,00%	49,50%	Full	2010
- Quest Aioliki Marmariou Trikorfo Ltd	Greece	19,00%	10,45%	Equity Method	2010
- Quest Aioliki Marmariou Agathi Ltd	Greece	19,00%	10,45%	Equity Method	2010
- Quest Aioliki Marmariou Riza Ltd	Greece	19,00%	10,45%	Equity Method	2010
- Quest Aioliki Marmariou Chelona Ltd	Greece	19,00%	10,45%	Equity Method	2010
- Quest Aioliki Marmariou Platanos Ltd	Greece	19,00%	10,45%	Equity Method	2010
- Quest Aioliki Marmariou Liapourthi Ltd	Greece	19,00%	10,45%	Equity Method	2010
- Quest Aioliki Marmariou Ag.Apostoloi Ltd	Greece	19,00%	10,45%	Equity Method	2010
- Quest Aioliki Marmariou Rigani Ltd	Greece	18,67%	10,27%	Equity Method	2010
- Quest Aioliki Karistou Distrata Ltd	Greece	18,67%	10,27%	Equity Method	2010
- Quest Aioliki Livadiou Larisas Ltd	Greece	98,67%	54,27%	Full	2010
- Quest Aioliki Marmariou Agioi Taxiarches Ltd	Greece	18,67%	10,27%	Equity Method	2010
- Quest Aioliki Servion Kozanis Ltd	Greece	98,67%	54,27%	Full	2010
- Quest Aioliki Marmariou Peristeri Ltd	Greece	18,67%	10,27%	Equity Method	2010
- Quest Aioliki Distomou Megalo Plai Ltd	Greece	98,67%	54,27%	Full	2010
- Quest Aioliki Sidirokastrou Hortero Ltd	Greece	98,67%	54,27%	Full	2010
- Quest Solar Almirou Ltd	Greece	98,67%	54,27%	Full	2010
- Wind park Drama Ltd	Greece	90,00%	49,50%	Full	-
- Quest Solar S.A.	Greece	100,00%	55,00%	Full	2010
<b>Anemopili Ellinogalliki S.A.</b>	<b>Greece</b>	<b>50,00%</b>	<b>27,50%</b>	<b>Equity Method</b>	<b>2010</b>
- Quest Aioliki Marmariou Trikorfo Ltd	Greece	77,50%	21,31%	Equity Method	2010
- Quest Aioliki Marmariou Agathi Ltd	Greece	77,45%	21,30%	Equity Method	2010
- Quest Aioliki Marmariou Riza Ltd	Greece	77,50%	21,31%	Equity Method	2010
- Quest Aioliki Marmariou Ag.Apostoloi Ltd	Greece	77,50%	21,31%	Equity Method	2010
- Quest Aioliki Marmariou Rigani Ltd	Greece	77,33%	21,27%	Equity Method	2010
- Quest Aioliki Marmariou Pyrgos Ltd	Greece	77,48%	21,31%	Equity Method	2010
- Quest Aioliki Marmariou Liapourthi Ltd	Greece	77,48%	21,31%	Equity Method	2010
- Quest Aioliki Marmariou Peristeri Ltd	Greece	77,50%	21,27%	Equity Method	2010
- Quest Aioliki Marmariou Agioi Taxiarches Ltd	Greece	77,33%	21,27%	Equity Method	2010
- Quest Aioliki Marmariou Platanos Ltd	Greece	77,33%	21,30%	Equity Method	2010
- Quest Aioliki Marmariou Chelona Ltd	Greece	77,45%	21,30%	Equity Method	2010
- Quest Aioliki Karistou Distrata Ltd	Greece	77,33%	21,27%	Equity Method	2010
-EDF EN SA – THRAKI 1	Greece	95,00%	26,13%	Equity Method	2004-2010
-EDF EN SA – EVROS 1	Greece	95,00%	26,13%	Equity Method	2006-2010
-EDF EN SA – RODOPI 2	Greece	95,00%	26,13%	Equity Method	2004-2010
-EDF EN SA – RODOPI 4	Greece	95,00%	26,13%	Equity Method	2006-2010
-EDF EN SA – RODOPI 5	Greece	95,00%	26,13%	Equity Method	2010
<b>* You-U Ltd</b>	<b>Greece</b>	<b>85,00%</b>	<b>85,00%</b>	<b>Full</b>	<b>2010</b>
<b>* iSquare S.A.</b>	<b>Greece</b>	<b>100,00%</b>	<b>100,00%</b>	<b>Full</b>	<b>2010</b>
iQbility M Ltd	Greece	100,00%	100,00%	Full	-
<b>* Info Quest Technologies S.A.</b>	<b>Greece</b>	<b>100,00%</b>	<b>100,00%</b>	<b>Full</b>	<b>2010</b>
<b>* iStorm S.A.</b>	<b>Greece</b>	<b>100,00%</b>	<b>100,00%</b>	<b>Full</b>	<b>2010</b>
<b>* QuestOnLine SA</b>	<b>Greece</b>	<b>100,00%</b>	<b>100,00%</b>	<b>Full</b>	<b>2010</b>
<b>* DIASIMO Holding ltd</b>	<b>Cyprus</b>	<b>100,00%</b>	<b>100,00%</b>	<b>Full</b>	<b>-</b>
- Blue onar ltd	Cyprus	50,00%	50,00%	Equity Method	-
<b>* Nubis S.A.</b>	<b>Greece</b>	<b>33,33%</b>	<b>33,33%</b>	<b>Equity Method</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>* Infocard S.A.</b>	<b>Greece</b>	<b>100,00%</b>	<b>100,00%</b>	<b>Full</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>* Impact S.A.</b>	<b>Greece</b>	<b>21,50%</b>	<b>21,50%</b>	<b>Equity Method</b>	<b>*</b>

\* Direct investment

\*\* Parent Company



Subsidiaries and associated companies based in Greece, the tax audit of the closing year 2014 already made the following audit firms:

Company	Auditor
- Unisystems S.A.	PricewaterhouseCoopers S.A
- Parkmobile Hellas S.A.	Unaudited
- ACS S.A.	SOL S.A
- Quest Energy S.A.	SOL S.A
- Quest Aioliki Marmariou Pyrgos Ltd	MAZARS S.A.
- Wind farm of Viotia Amalia S.A.	SOL S.A
- Wind farm of Viotia Megalo Plai S.A.	SOL S.A
- ALPENER S.A.	SOL S.A
- Quest Aioliki Marmariou Trikorfo Ltd	MAZARS S.A.
- Quest Aioliki Marmariou Agathi Ltd	MAZARS S.A.
- Quest Aioliki Marmariou Riza Ltd	MAZARS S.A.
- Quest Aioliki Marmariou Chelona Ltd	MAZARS S.A.
- Quest Aioliki Marmariou Platanos Ltd	MAZARS S.A.
- Quest Aioliki Marmariou Liapourthi Ltd	MAZARS S.A.
- Quest Aioliki Marmariou Ag.Apostoloi Ltd	MAZARS S.A.
- Quest Aioliki Marmariou Rigani Ltd	MAZARS S.A.
- Quest Aioliki Karistou Distrata Ltd	MAZARS S.A.
- Quest Aioliki Livadiou Larisas Ltd	Grant Thornton S.A.
- Quest Aioliki Marmariou Agioi Taxiarches Ltd	MAZARS S.A.
- Quest Aioliki Servion Kozanis Ltd	Grant Thornton S.A.
- Quest Aioliki Marmariou Peristeri Ltd	MAZARS S.A.
- Quest Aioliki Distomou Megalo Plai Ltd	Grant Thornton S.A.
- Quest Aioliki Sidirokastrou Hortero Ltd	Grant Thornton S.A.
- Quest Solar Almirou S.A.	Grant Thornton S.A.
- Quest Solar S.A.	SOL S.A
- Anemopili Ellinogalliki S.A.	SOL S.A
- EDF EN SA – THRAKI 1	Unaudited
- EDF EN SA – EVROS 1	Unaudited
- EDF EN SA – RODOPI 3	Unaudited
- EDF EN SA – RODOPI 4	Unaudited
- EDF EN SA – RODOPI 5	Unaudited
- iSquare S.A.	PricewaterhouseCoopers S.A
- Info Quest Technologies S.A.	PricewaterhouseCoopers S.A
- You - U Ltd	Grant Thornton S.A.
- iStorm S.A.	Grant Thornton S.A.
- QuestOnLine SA	Grant Thornton S.A.

Upon completion of the above tax audits, the Company's management does not anticipate incurring significant tax liabilities other than those recorded and disclosed in the consolidated financial.

#### **41. Number of employees**

Number of employees at the end of the current year: Group 1.288, Company 21 and of the previous year Group 1.235, Company 18.

#### **42. Non-current tax assets**

The amount of euro 12.706 thousand in the account of long-term tax assets to the Company and the Group relates to an tax advance tax of 5% on the sale price of the subsidiary "Q Telecommunication" in 2006.

**43. Finance leases**

Financial leases receivables of the Group for the year ended 31/12/2014 and 31/12/2013 respectively was:

	Group	
	31/12/2014	31/12/2013
<b>Financial leases receivables</b>		
Less than a year	735	823
Between 1-2 years	248	983
Over 5 years	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>983</b>	<b>1.806</b>
Minus : Future finance income	-90	-140
<b>Net amount of financial leases</b>	<b>893</b>	<b>1.666</b>

	31/12/2014	31/12/2013
Current assets	664	774
Non-current assets : 1-5 years	229	893
Non-current assets : over 5 years	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>893</b>	<b>1.666</b>

**44. Construction contracts**

Construction contracts refer to "Unisystems" constructions which need more than one year to be completed. When the outcome of a construction contract can be estimated reliably and it is probable that the contract will be profitable, contract revenue is recognized over the period of the contract by reference to the stage of completion. Contract costs are recognized as expenses by reference to the stage of completion of the contract activity at the end of the reporting period. When it is probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognized as an expense immediately. The group uses the 'percentage-of-completion method' to determine the appropriate amount to recognize in a given period. The stage of completion is measured by reference to the contract costs incurred up to the end of the reporting period as a percentage of total estimated costs for each contract.

**Consolidate income statement ( extracts)**

	2014	2013
Contract revenue	16.599	15.583
Contract costs	10.794	10.984
Gross profit	5.805	4.600
Selling and marketing costs	1.668	1.629
Administrative expenses	1.020	980

**Construction contracts**

	2014	2013
The aggregate costs incurred and recognised profits (less recognised losses) to date	91.226	74.627
Less: Progress billings	94.618	74.738
<b>Net balance sheet position for ongoing contracts</b>	<b>-3.392</b>	<b>-111</b>

**45. Events after the balance sheet date**

In January 2015 the company acquired 100% of the share capital of "Cardlink S.A." through "U-YOU Ltd" for a cash consideration of euro 15.000 thousand.

The subsidiary company "ACS S.A." in February 2015 acquired a property owned by "OTE PROPERTIES S.A." for the amount of euro 7.250 thousand.

